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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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DENA BANK
DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING CO. LTD.
ESTABLISHED 1938

Authorised Capital.....	Rs.	50,00,000
Subscribed Capital.....	Rs.	20,00,000
Paid-up Capital.....	Rs.	20,00,000
Reserve Fund.....	Rs.	2,00,000
Total Deposits 15-6-44	Rs.	5,01,55,220
Total Working Funds "	Rs.	5,36,72,336
No. of Accounts "		25,189
No. of Branches		27

DENABANK will Shortly Open a BRANCH of their Bank at BARODA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

CAPTURE OF CHERBOURG NOW IMMINENT

Hill Position Holding Up Fall Of Port In Allied Hands

S. H. A. E. F. June 23.

Allied authorities are optimistic that Cherbourg will be captured fairly rapidly and that the siege is unlikely to develop, it is learned at S.H.A.E.F. this evening.

The Eastern of the three hill positions holding up the fall of the Port has been captured.

Allied pressupre is increasing, and it is possible that patrols have reached the sea on both the sides of Cherbourg.

UNLOADING IN FULL SWING

The weather has improved over the beachhead and unloading is in full swing again after four bad days. From 05.00 yesterday to 05.00 to-day Allied air forces flew over 6,000 sorties in direct support of ground forces assaulting Cherbourg.

It is stated to-day that there are indications that very few German troops are left in the Cherbourg Peninsula east of Saint Pierre Eglise. The enemy is fighting strongly for Maupertus airfield east of Cherbourg.

Reuter's special correspondent cables:—

American troops assaulting Cherbourg area are now meeting stiffer resistance as the Germans fight back hard to delay the capture of the port.

DETERMINED NAZI STAND

Into the bomb shattered inner defence zones the Germans have crammed all the troops they were able to withdraw from the east and west and are now making a determined stand in their fort areas under constant bombardment from big American guns and from the air.

To east and west of the Port Zone, forward American troops are now within sight of the sea and there are indications that no German troops remain in the eastern part of the peninsula, or if they do they are static troops and not mobile forces.

To the west the Germans have now lost control of the road running south-east into Cherbourg from Beaumont Hague and Allied troops there are probing for an opening which would let them through to the sea and closer to Cherbourg.

The stiffest opposition is coming from German groups gathered to the south of the port and hard fighting is still going on for the control of Maupertus aerodrome in that area and the airfield at Querqueville more to the west.

The latest defended line as given at S.H.A.E.F. to-day ran from Saint Pierre-Eglise in the east in a southerly direction before picking up Cherbourg Road to the west in the area of one of the two airfields, then down to Bois de Courdrais before striking in a southerly and westerly direction where it runs through the outer defences of Cherbourg.

SATISFACTORY OPERATIONS

To-day's morning communique stated: "Operations against the fortress of Cherbourg are proceeding satisfactorily. Offensive action and local attacks have effectively pinned down enemy formations in eastern sectors.

The 'communique' added:—

Strong forces of our heavy bombers attacked rail and road transport barges and oil containers between the coast and Paris and rail junctions at Lille and Ghent. During these operations six enemy aircraft were destroyed. Ten of our bombers and nine fighters are missing. Light and medium bombers destroyed steel works near Caen. Fighter bombers attacked bridges north-east of Paris.—Reuter.

In Aladenney, one of the Channel Isles, gun posts and barracks were the target for bombers and fighters.—Reuter.

KOHIMA-IMPHAL ROAD CLEARED OF JAPANESE

Silchar Track In Bishenpur Area Damaged

KANDY, June 23: The ten mile gap reported yesterday between our troops on the Kohima-Imphal Road was closed on 22nd June when by co-ordinated thrusts from north and south we cleared it of the remnants of the Japanese 15th and 31st Divisions left to oppose our advance. The whole of the road is now open, says to-day's S.E.A.C. 'communique.'

From the south-west to the south-east of Mogaung Chinese and Chindit patrols were active and the Chinese engaged the enemy on the north and also eastwards of Gurkhaywa. Near Seton 40 Japanese were killed trying to escape by raft. Between Seton and Kamaing the Chinese engaged a strong concentraation of the enemy.

In the Bishenpur area the enemy succeeded in damaging the Silchar track and laying mines. Our troops had a successful ambush and our artillery shot up enemy parties in the nullahs two miles south-west of Bishenpur. North-west of Bishenpur we repulsed two enemy night attacks.—

Air Attack On Port Blair

KANDY, June 23: A special 'communique' from "S.E.A.C." headquarters this evening says: Allied naval units of the Eastern Fleet under the command of Vice-Admiral Sir Arthur Power (second in command of the Eastern Fleet) carried out an air strike against Port Blair on Wednesday morning. Considerable damage was done to military installations. Two enemy aircraft were set on fire on the Port Blair airfield. One radio location station was completely destroyed and a second heavily damaged. In spite of heavy anti-aircraft fire, only one of our aircraft failed to return.

Once again the enemy seemed to have been completely surprised. The same night, R.A.F. heavy bombers of the Strategic Air Force, Eastern Air Command, attacked No. 1 Airfield at Port Blair, but visibility was poor.

Group photograph of a Baluchi patrol in Italy taken after an encounter with the enemy

RAPID ADVANCE ON ADRIATIC SECTOR

Fifth Army Are Now Across Chienti River

LONDON, June 23.

An Allied Headquarters in Italy announcement says:—

Flat Works at Turin and Chivasso Motor Transport Repair Depot, south-west of the city, were among the targets of up to 750 Allied heavy bombers yesterday.

An Allied 'communique' to-day says: "With improvement in the weather our troops in the Adriatic sector have continued their rapid advance and are now across the Chienti river.

On the west coast troops of the Fifth Army have pressed forward against strong resistance astride Highways One and 73 and are approaching Folonica.

In the central sector the Eighth Army is encountering strong resistance north-west of Perugia and south-west of Lake Trasimeno and has repulsed a number of counter-attacks.

Road communications, industrial and other objectives in northern Italy were yesterday attacked by our aircraft. Strong forces of heavy bombers attacked rail yards at Parma, Modena, Fornovo di Taro, Bologna, Castelmaggiore, Ferrara and bridges at Rimini and Treviso area. Fighter bombers also struck at objectives in Yugoslavia and Albania.—Reuter.

Air Ministry 'communique' today says: "Last night Mosquitos of Bomber Command made an attack on Hamburg and mines were laid in enemy waters. From these operations none of our aircraft is missing."

Curfew Withdrawn From Dacca

DACCA, June 23.—In view of the steady improvement in the situation the District Magistrate today passed orders rescinding with effect from 24th June the orders promulgated under section 144 Cr. P. C. on May 17 last imposing a curfew and prohibiting the assembly of more than four persons in a public place or thoroughfare. The orders prohibiting the carrying of weapons still remains in force.—A. P.

UPROAR AND WALKOUT IN BENGAL ASSEMBLY

'No Confidence' Motion Ruled In Order But House Prorogued

CALCUTTA, June 23.

The Bengal Legislative Assembly met this afternoon to discuss the no-confidence motion tabled by the Opposition against Mr. K. Sahabuddin, Minister for Commerce and Industries.

After question time, Mr. Charu Chandra Roy, (non-official Congress in Opposition) sought the leave of the House to move a no-confidence motion tabled by him to-day against Mr. Tarak Nath Mukherjea, Revenue Minister.

On behalf of the Government Party, Khan Bahadur Mohammad Ali argued that the no-confidence motion against another minister had been disposed of by the House on Wednesday and he thought that the present motion was frivolous, obstructive, vexatious and abuse of the privileges and rules of the House.

Opposition members, including Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Leader of the Opposition, Dr. Shyamaprosad Mookerjee and Mr. J. C. Gupta, said that it was within the right of the Opposition to move a 'no-confidence' motion against the entire council of ministers, or each and very individual minister, or disapprove the policy of a particular minister.

The Speaker ruled that the motion was in order. And as the requisite number of members supported the motion, the Speaker declared that the member had the leave of the House. He however added that the difficulty was about the question of fixing a date for discussion. He had already got an order from His Excellency the Governor for proroguing the House at the conclusion of to-night's sitting and he could not go beyond to-day's sitting. This announcement evoked a storm of protests from the Opposition benches and cries of shame, shame.

Speaking amidst a good deal of interruptions from the ministerialist party benches, Mr. Fazlul Huq said that they considered the Prorogation order to be illegal, unjust, unfair and unconstitutional.

The Opposition then withdrew from the Chamber.

The Speaker then called out the name of Mr. Syed Badruddouja who had tabled the no-confidence motion against Mr. K. Shahabuddin, Minister for Commerce and Industries.

As the mover was absent, the Chair declared that it was not moved.

The House was then prorogued.—A. P.

Revolt Inside France

LONDON, June 23.

A special 'communique' from General Eisenhower's Headquarters today gave details of the resistance and sabotage carried out by French forces of the interior in accordance with Allied plans which have "contributed directly to the success of the Allied operations in Normandy."

In many regions, the 'communique' said; the Germans had been forced to send considerable forces against the Maquis, including, in two districts, armoured forces, artillery and aircraft. The elements of several German divisions and a large number of local defence troops are estimated to have been contained inside France by the action of the Resistance Forces.

Cuts on railways and obstacles on roads have hindered the passage of German reinforcements and "in this way two armoured divisions have been seriously delayed in south-west France", the 'communique' declared. Strong resistance groups have occupied several places in the departments of Jura, Ain and Haute Savoie, taking over local administration.—Reuter.

German Secret Service Agent Executed

LONDON, June 23.

The Home Office announces that a German secret service Agent executed at Wormwood Scrubs Prison this morning.—Reuter.

Flying Officer On Imphal Experiences

Under the auspices of the National War Front, Flying Officer Bhattacharjee of the I.A.F., gave a talk at the University School of Economics on Friday. Rev. James Kellock, Principal, Wilson College presided.

The speaker narrated one experience of his, when while flying low north of Akyab in the vicinity of Cox's Bazar.

He casually referred to his flights over the Imphal area and said that the air-tactics of the Japanese were completely copied from the Germans. The Japs, he said, were excellent snipers. They were tied up to trees, and even if they were shot. They could not fall down and betray their whereabouts.

Sir R. P. Masani proposed the vote of thanks.

Sir C. B. Mehta Exposes 'Economist's' Fallacies

Quotes Undertaking Given By U. K. To South American Countries To Compensate Loss In Sterling Holdings In Case Of Depreciation After War

BOMBAY, June 23.

Sir Chunilal B. Mehta has issued the following statement:—

Criticising the statement of Sir Purshottamdas as regards the accumulated sterling balances, the 'Economist', London, argues that the case for revising the financial settlement does not rest merely on the complete change of conditions owing to Japan's entry into the war, but also on the fact that Allied purchases in India have been at inflated prices which have not been allowed to reflect themselves in the rupee rate, and concludes by saying that there seem strong grounds not merely for re-negotiating the settlement, but also for some retrospective re-consideration of the debt.

Sir Purshotamdas in his reply has rightly pointed out that the Government of India did utmost in its power to keep down the prices of articles purchased by the United Kingdom, and that in most cases, prices paid were considerably lower than what Indian consumers had to pay for their purchases. In this connection, it may be pointed out to the 'Economist' that the U. K. purchases owing to war were not only confined to India, but were also effected in U.S.A., South America, Middle East, Egypt, Turkey, etc. Prices have risen in almost all those countries, and exchange values of the currencies of those countries remain the same. Also, there are a considerable amount of sterling balances of those countries in U. K. But there is no suggestion whatsoever on the lines of the 'Economist' that because the prices had risen and exchange value remained the same. The debt should be reconsidered. It does not lie fair in the columns of the 'Economist'—a reputable economic journal of world fame—to say that because the rupee was not allowed to reflect the high prices of commodities and services that the United Kingdom purchased in India, there should be re-negotiations with retrospective effect for scaling down the debt, when on the other hand, an undertaking has been given to the South American countries to make good any loss in their Sterling holdings in case sterling depreciates after the war.—A. P.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (JULY)

New York, June 23.

Previous Closing	....	21.80
Today's Opening	....	21.76
Difference	....	—04
Today's Closing	....	21.71
Difference	....	09

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, June 23.

Share market: The market ruled slightly easier but the volume of business was fair an satisfactory. Government securities kept steady and unchanged.

FRESH SOVIET OFFENSIVE

Red Army Drive Against Vital German Bulwarks In White Russia

LONDON, June 23.

The German News Agency announced that the long expected Soviet offensive has begun.

The News Agency said that the offensive began yesterday on a front from south of Mogilev to Vitewsk.

"Reuter" adds that Mogilev and Vitewsk are impartant bulwarks of the Germans' White Russia front.

RED DRIVE ON ONEGA SHORES

Reuter's special correspondent in Moscow cables:—

The Red Army is accelerating its drive round the northern and southern shores of Lake Onega. Entire groups of Finns between this Lake and Lake Ladoga to the west are now threatened with envelopment. Fighting continues throughout the 24 hours of daylight with the Russians regrouping their forces under cover of forests and smoke screens.

Three days after the fall of Viborg, Finnish suicide squadrons are still operating in Warrens in ancient streets sniping and setting fire to houses.

Red Army manhunters are now combing the city with tommyguns and police dogs.—Reuter.

GERMAN LOSSES IN RUSSIA

(From A Special Correspondent)

LONDON, June 23.

The special anniversary review by the Soviet Information Bureau London, published today gives figures of German losses in the three years of war.

In the war against Russia, the Germans have lost more than 7,800,000 officers and men killed and taken prisoner. The Red Army losses were 5,300,000 killed, prisoners and missing.

The enemy lost during the period 70,000 tanks, 80,000 aircraft and 90,000 guns. The Red Army losses were 49,000 tanks, 32,000 aircraft and 48,000 guns.

Proudly relating the battle of honours of the Red Army, the Special Review says: The German fascist army finds itself defeated and it is now facing complete rest Such are the military results achieved during the past three years of patriotic war," concludes the Review

"Foul Criminals Will Be Tracked Down To Last Man"

LONDON, June 23

Mr. Eden stated in the House of Commons to-day that it was quite clear that the fifty British airforce officers hsot at a German prisoner of war camp recently were murdered. Mr. Eden declared that the explanation now put forward by the German Government that they were shot while offering resistance on being found after their escape was a confession of an odious crime against the laws and conventions of war.

Mr. Eden stated that following their attempted escape through a tunnel, the British officers were recaptured and taken over by the Gestapo. After interrogation they were driven away handcuffed in charge of Gestapo officials to Gorlitz where they were placed in cells.

Subsequently they were taken away in small parties from time to time. Mr. Eden said that it was significant that they were not wounded.

Mr. Eden said that the foul criminals responsible would be tracked down to the last man and brought to exemplary justice after the war.

Mr. Eden added:—"I wish to state that the Government have no knowledge of any mass shooting of British prisoners of war other than that which have already been reported in connection with Stalag Luft Three. I make this statement in order to allay fears aroused by rumours which have received wide circulation recently."—Reuter.

Latest News

RED SHIRT LEADER ARRESTED

PESHAWAR, June 23.

Ashiq Shah a prominent Red Shirt leader of village Dehbahadur, District Peshawar, was arrested for alleged failure to pay land revenue.—A. P.

BIG AIR FORCE CROSSES CHANNEL

SOUTH-EAST COAST OF ENGLAND June 23: A strong force of bombers passed over the south-east coast with fighter escort this evening in the direction of the continent.—Reuter.

PLOESTI RAIDED

Reuter's special correspondent at Allied Headquarters in Italy cables on Friday: Strong formations of heavy bombers to-day attacked oil installations at Ploesti and Giurgiu in Rumania and railway yards at Nish in Yugoslavia.—Reuter.

LAUNCHING RAMPS BOMBED

LONDON, June 23: Flying Fortresses and Liberators of the Eighth Air Force with Mustang escort continued attack on launching ramps for German pilotless planes in the Pas de Calais region of France this afternoon.—Reuter.

GERMAN CONVOY ATTACKED

S.H.A.E.F. June 23: A small German convoy escorted by armed trawlers was intercepted by British light naval forces south of Jersey early to-day. One German escort was sunk and one merchant ship left burning. Some superficial damage was sustained by Allied forces.—Reuter.

DE GAULLE TO VISIT U. S.

WASHINGTON, June 23: President Roosevelt told a press conference tonight that military operations around Cherbourg are proceeding according to schedule.

He said he understood that General de Gaulle would be visiting Washington some time between July 6 and July 14. The President suggested that more of France could be liberated before efforts are made to create a Civil Administration.—Reuter.

MAHATMA'S ATTEMPT TO OPEN NEGOTIATIONS?

First Letter Since Release Sent To Viceroy, Says Poona Report: "Daily Worker" Urges Fresh Approach: London "Times" Snipes At Gandhiji

POONA, June 23.

It is understood that Gandhiji has sent a letter to H. E. the Viceroy, Lord Wavell,—the first after his release from detention,—during the last seven days' stay in Poona.—United Press.

END THAT BARREN ARGUMENT

(From A Special Correspondent)

LONDON, June 23.

"A word to Lord Wavell', writes the "Daily Worker' this morning.

"Mr. Gandhi's first public statement", says the paper, "since his release includes the declaration that Congress could never brook Nazi, Fascist or Japanese domination and that if India had been freed Congressmen would have flocked to the Allied banner as one man.

Is not it time to end the barren argument about the errors of the Congress resolution and the precise degree of responsibility of Government or Congress for the events of two years ago? Everyone knows that the Indian people and their leaders love freedom and hate Fascist aggression with no less fervour than do the peoples of the Allies. Can not statemanship be found—Amery or no Amery—to begin a new chapter and replace hostility and bitterness by equality and co-operation?"

"TIMES" CRITICISES MAHATMA

LONDON, June 22.

The "Times" to-day criticises Mr. Gandhi in a leader discussing the exchange of correspondence between him and the Viceroy early in the year.

After describing Mr. Gandhi as a "complete traditionalist", the paper says: "He is less concerned with the future than with the past. With the casuistry of which he is at certain moments so completely master, he bends all his energies to vindicating the policy underlying the 'Quit India' resolution of August 1942; to defending the Congress Party from all responsibility for the dangerous outbreaks which subsequently occurred, and to emphasising implicitly his conviction that the party is the sole repository of political wisdom—and it would sometimes appear, even of patriotism—in India. To him, the only conceivable form of co-operation is that all shades of opinion should follow the guidance and accept the dictation of the Congress Party in pursuance of the policy laid down by the Resolution of August 1942. Mr. Gandhi fails to realise that the crux of the political deadlock resides in the inaccuracy of his assumption that other Indian parties and interests are willing to trust their destiny to the party. Mistrust of the party bulks equally with mistrust of the British as an obstacle to co-operation. Fortunately for all concerned, if Mr. Gandhi has stood still since August 1942 the world has not; and it seems unlikely that a policy so sterile as that which he advocates will command the support of those of his fellow countrymen who are already discussing with the Congress Party representatives the advance of India along agreed lines of progress."—Reuter.

GANDHIJI'S HEALTH NOW ALMOST NORMAL

POONA, June 23

"Gandhiji is having good leisure here but he has perhaps the American habit of making leisure more strenuous than work" said Mr Pyarelal to the Press this evening. He informed the Pressmen that Gandhiji's health was now almost normal.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit were with Gandhiji for some hours this evening.

Prof. R. M. Gole, Secretary, Bombay Provincial Peoples Food Council called on Gandhiji and acquainted him with the food situation of the province. Dr. Jawaharlal from U. P. called on Gandhiji this evening.

About 32 Congress workers from Karnatak released from Visapur Jail halted here and had Gandhiji's "darshan" at prayer time. Mr. Nagindas Master, Mayor of Bombay, arrived here to-day and saw Gandhiji.—United Press.

KASTURBA MEMORIAL FUND

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Have You Given Your Quota? If Not, Do It To-day

INQUIRY INTO FOOD SHORTAGE

NEW DELHI, June 23.

The Government of India have promulgated an Ordinance providing for the constitution of a commission of enquiry to investigate and report upon the causes of the food shortage and subsequent epidemics in India, and in particular in Bengal, in 1943 and to make recommendations for prevention of their recurrence. The Commission is being constituted in pursuance of the undertaking given by Government to the Central Legislature at the end of last November.

A press note sets out the terms of reference as follows:—

"To investigate and report to the Governor-General in Council upon the causes of the food shortage and subsequent epidemics in India, and in particular in Bengal in the year 1943, and to make recommendations as to prevention of their recurrence, with special reference to (a) the possibility of improving the diet of the people and the quality and yield of food crops, and (b) the possibility of improving the system of administration in respect of the supply and distribution of food, the provision of emergency medical relief and the emergent arrangements for the control of epidemics in famine conditions in those areas and in those aspects in which the present system may be found to have been unsatisfactory. The commission will, in the first instance direct its enquiries to the case of Bengal and in advance of its final report make recommendations in relation to that province."

2. It will be observed that the enquiry is not to be confined to Bengal and that measures to prevent epidemics arising out of famine conditions are also covered.

3. The names of the Chairman and members of the Commission will be announced separately.—A. P.

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GAILY TO THE TUNE OF ITS TRIUMPH!
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(OLD PATHE)
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Instead of selling vegetables they're Singing Songs of "Mali"

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Direction: K. DATE
Story: S. A. SHUKLA
(HINDUSTANI & MARATHI)
Plans open: 10-30 to 12-30; 5 to 6 p.m.
Hindi: 4, 7, p.m. Marathi: 10 p.m. Sat., Sun., Fri. 1 p.m.
13TH WEEK OF GROWING POPULARITY
To-morrow 10-30 a.m.
CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
NOVELTY

AUCTION SALES

SALE ON SATURDAY, the 1st July, 1944, at 4-30 P.M. on the premises of the property of a valuable immovable property at Kurla, Old Agra Road, opposite Kurla Mill; under instructions from Bai Pirojbai D. Mistry and A. F. Sunawalla, Esq., executrix and executor of the Will of the late Mr. Dinshawji Jamasji Mistry:—Khcte land admeasuring about 5,000 sq. yards and recently found on actual measurement about 5,661.44 sq. yards with dwelling houses, structures situate at Kurla, opposite Kurla Mill bearing original Survey No. 213 and Falni No. 9 and Kurla Municipality formerly No. 285 to 291 and now new Mill Ward Nos. 322 to 327 and bears no entry number.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Smetham, Byrne & Lambert, Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Esplanade Road, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW SUNDAY AT 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) Property of a European gentleman J. Harrison, Esq., and others at Chowpatty Sea Face near Vianellis Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, Austrian and other fire proof safes, Godrej steel almirahs, Remington Standard and Portable Typewriter, Singer machine, Elec. table fan, dining table, chairs, side board, cabinet, show case, Chesterfield sets, dressing tables, almirahs, bed with box mattress, writing tables, glass crockery, etc., No. 40213 EASTERN AUCTION CO.

AUCTION SALE OF DIESEL GENERATING SET AT EAST KHANDESH.

Messrs. MISTRY & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at their Auction Room, 75, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on 5th day of July, 1944, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) One New "DIESEL GENERATING SET 60 K.W." "D.W.K. Crompton Parkinson comprising of One 120 BHP. D. W. K." "3-M 36" type. 3 Cylinder verticle single acting, four stroke airless injection diesel engine with a rated output of 120 BHP at 30 Mercury and 62 F., running at 500 RPM with an overland capacity of 10% during one hour above the rated output complete with a suitable Switch-board, Power House, Chopda, East Khandesh. View one week before the sale.

For further particulars please apply to undersigned.

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265-66, Upper Circular Road

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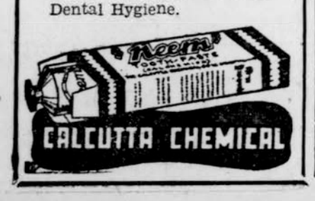

Pamphlet Of Gandhi-Govt. Correspondence

Official Summary Of Contents

The Government of India have just published a pamphlet of 125 pages containing correspondence with Mahatma Gandhi. The following is the official summary of the correspondence:—

1. The first thirteen items—the 1942 Letters and the "Fast" Correspondence—have already been published at the time of Mahatma Gandhi's fast. They contain Mahatma Gandhi's main thesis and also the fundamental points of the Government position. Mahatma Gandhi's thesis is—

(1) that Government, and not Congress or himself, was responsible for the disturbances, because Government "precipitated the crisis" instead of allowing him to approach the Viceroy, or, as it was put later, because the disturbances were provoked by the arrests;

(2) that he was unaware of any preparations for violence and the Congress policy, as well as his own life creed, remained unequivocally non-violent;

(3) that the Congress policy as embodied in the "Quit India" Resolution was an attempt to "identify India with the Allied cause," based on the premises that only a free India could throw its weight effectively into the war and that the only hope for Britain was to "shed imperialism" voluntarily by declaring India independent; and

(4) that Congress was not aiming at power for itself but at the fulfilment of the national aspirations of the whole of India, which it correctly represented.

The Government position, as set forth in Lord Linlithgow's letters is—

(1) that in view of all that had preceded the passing of the August Resolution, Government must hold Mahatma Gandhi and his colleagues responsible for what followed it;

(2) that the "Quit India" policy could not possibly help the war effort but, on the contrary, must inevitably injure it; and

(3) that the only terms on which a settlement could be considered were a withdrawal of the Resolution and the policy it represented, combined with appropriate assurances against the future repetition of such tactics.

Mahatma Gandhi further made it clear that, if the Viceroy wished him to act singly, he must be convinced that he was wrong, but he could not be expected to accept the official reports on which the Viceroy's judgment was based; and that if the Viceroy wished him to act on behalf of Congress, he should be put with the Members of the Working Committee.

In item No. 8 comes the important point, which Mahatma Gandhi endeavoured to make, that civil disobedience was not objectionable since the principle of it had been "impliedly conceded in the Gandhi-Irwin Pact." The Viceroy's firm rejection of that claim is in item No. 9.

Mahatma Gandhi's requests could not be accepted and so the correspondence culminated in his decision to fast, in accordance with the law of Satyagraha, as a protest against "the wrong done to innocent men."

2. Practically the whole of the succeeding correspondence is taken up with a detailed development of Mahatma Gandhi's original thesis.

JINNAH CORRESPONDENCE

3. The Jinnah correspondence (items 14 to 20) contains the letter to Mr. Jinnah, which the consistent maintenance of Government's policy of denying Mahatma Gandhi all access to the public made it impossible for them to forward at the time, but which has been given to the press by Mahatma Gandhi since his release. The letter itself was an answer to Mr. Jinnah's public invitation, or "challenge" to meet him, on the basis of the acceptance of Pakistan, with a view to reaching a communal settlement. Its wording made it clear that Mahatma Gandhi had not changed his heart or accepted Mr. Jinnah's condition. "I would like you to take me as I am" (item No. 15). Mahatma Gandhi's subsequent letter of protest (item No. 17) contains for the first time in so many words his contention that his movement could not have embarrassed the war effort, since no movement had ever been started.

4. The next two sections comprising items 21 to 28 contain two long letters from Mahatma Gandhi to the Home Member of the Government of India and to Lord Samuel commenting on speeches made by the former in the Legislative Assembly and by the latter in the House of Lords. These letters quote numerous extracts from the two speeches and contain a detailed criticism of each passage. A summary of each letter is impossible; but the letter to the Home Member may be described as an amplification of Mahatma Gandhi's thesis set forth in para. 1 of this note while the main object of the letter to Lord Samuel is to contest his criticism of Congress as a totalitarian body seeking power for itself and not representing the whole of India. Each letter also contains Mahatma Gandhi's comments on the ethics of fasting and his reply to criticisms of the use of that method for political purposes. Since in accordance with the policy referred to in para. 3 above the letter to Lord Samuel was not forwarded to him, he had no opportunity of replying to it. With a view to its inclusion in the correspondence now published, the text of the letter has been communicated to Lord Samuel and his consent received to its publication by the Government of India.

LICEOFF

A sure remedy to kill Lice in the hair in 1 hour.

BUG-COILS (A.B.C.)

A wonderful invention to ward off bugs & get sound sleep the whole night while the coil burns.

Agents:—
M/s. H. E. DANGOOR & CO.
Bombay Mutual Building,
Sir P. M. Road, BOMBAY.
THE MAGORA CHEMICAL CO., LTD.,
Hira Baug, Poona 2.

CALCUTTA DENTAL COLLEGE & HOSPITAL.

114, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta

Recognised by the Government and affiliated to the State Medical Faculty of Bengal. 4 years' course after Matric. Next Session begins in August. Apply with one anna stamp to the Principal for Prospectus.

5. During the summer of 1943 the press in India indulged in much speculation regarding Mahatma Gandhi's intentions and published a number of unfounded reports in the hope, probably of securing some authoritative announcement from the Government of India. The main interest of the two short letters (items 29 and 30) in the section entitled "the August Resolution letters" is Mahatma Gandhi's statement that he had neither the authority nor the wish to withdraw the Resolution and desired an official contradiction of the rumours to that effect.

MAHATMA REFUTES CHARGE

6. Then follow the "Congress Responsibility" letters (items 31 to 36), which account for the bulk of the present compilation. Mahatma Gandhi's immensely long letter of July 15th (item 31) is a detailed reply to parts of the Government's pamphlet, "Congress Responsibility for the Disturbances", which was published in February 1943 and which was subsequently presented to Parliament as a "White Paper." Here again the technique is similar to that of his letters to the Home Member and Lord Samuel. Complaining that quotations from his own writings had been taken out of their context, he proceeds to take extracts from the Government pamphlet and to support his criticism of them with a mass of full length quotations, mostly from his paper "Harijan", to explain his true meaning. Summarizing is again difficult. The first 64 paragraphs deal with the chapters I to III of the pamphlet. Chapters IV and V, which dealt with the nature of the disturbances and the part played in them by known Congressmen are left untouched. "I must refuse to judge these one-sided statements or unverified documents." Paragraphs 67 to 69 repeat the general disavowal of responsibility for the disturbances; and paragraphs 70 to 74 contain a political manifesto not directly related to the charges in the Government pamphlet. The main points with which Mahatma Gandhi is concerned in the first 64 paragraphs (as is shown by the arrangement of the appendices to the letter) are—

(1) an explanation of what he really meant by the British withdrawal from India.

(2) a refutation of the charge of being pro-Japanese,

(3) a disclaimer of the suggestion that Congress was seeking power for itself, and

(4) a vindication of his creed of non-violence and his consistent adherence thereto.

7. The gist of his contention under heading (1) above is that what he had in mind was the withdrawal of the British power, and not of individual Englishmen, from India. There is an account of how his eyes were opened by an American correspondent to the defect in his plan which had originally contemplated the removal of British and American troops from India and a description of how this "gap" was filled. There is no explanation of how the filling of this "gap", by allowing the troops to remain, affected the validity of one of the main planks in the original plan itself, namely that it was the presence of British in India that constituted the bait, the removal of which would save India from Japanese invasion.

8. The refutation of the charge of being pro-Japanese must be read in conjunction with the public statement of the Home Member of the Government of India, which is quoted in item 38 (see below) that "Government have never at any time, either here or at home, charged the Congress with being pro-Japanese." Although Mahatma Gandhi obviously attaches great importance to clearing himself on this charge, there is apparently some confusion in his mind between being "pro-Japanese" and being "defeatist." The latter is the charge that Government have always made against him. The discussion of this point brings in a reference to the publication of the Notes of the discussion by the Working Committee of the Congress at Allahabad at the end of April 1942 and the view attributed to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in those Notes that the draft Resolution which Mahatma Gandhi had placed before the Committee should not be accepted because "the whole thought and background of the draft is one of favouring Japan." Pandit Nehru's public statement about the publication of these Notes is reproduced in appendix V to Mahatma Gandhi's letter and it will be seen that it contains no direct contradiction of the view above attributed to him. It was on that view that any charges that Mahatma Gandhi was pro-Japanese must have been based.

9. The contention that the Congress did not desire power for itself is merely an amplification of para 4 of Mahatma Gandhi's thesis as set forth in para 1 of this summary.

10. Much space is devoted to the fourth point about non-violence. Passages of particular interest are those (paragraphs 34 to 37) which deal with the question whether he did or did not say on July 14th, 1942, "There is no room left in the proposal for withdrawal or negotiation. There is no question of one more chance. After all it is an open rebellion"; and those in paragraphs 59 and 60 in which he criticizes one of his own closest followers for going too far in his definition of what could be included in the category of non-violent acts.

'LAST MESSAGE'

11. The Government of India's reply (item 34) to Mahatma Gandhi's long letter points out that, whatever Mahatma Gandhi's personal views may have been about non-violence, they were not in fact adhered to by his followers and that the true nature of the charge against him was that the disturbances were the natural and predictable consequence of his declaration of an "open rebellion" and the propaganda which preceded it. In answer to Mahatma Gandhi's contention that no movement had ever been started his attention was specifically drawn to his alleged "last message" which is reproduced in appendix X to the Congress Responsibility pamphlet and which included the phrase—"Every man is free to go to the fullest lengths under Ahimsa (non-violence)." Neither Mahatma Gandhi's long letter nor his subsequent rejoinder (item 35) makes any reference to this message. The rejoinder (item 35) is notable for the fact that it contains for the first time the specific request that the charges against the Congress should be placed before an impartial tribunal and that, if he himself was regarded as the arch offender, his colleagues should be released. His request in that letter to be allowed an interview with his colleagues was rejected by Government in their reply (item 36) on the ground that there was no indication that the views of the Members of the Working Committee differed from his own.

12. The Mahatma Gandhi-Miraben letters (items 37 and 38) have already been referred to in paragraph 8 above and provide further evidence of Mahatma Gandhi's great anxiety to clear himself of the charge of being pro-Japanese even at the cost of convicting himself of defeatism. Their publication in March 1944 would have coincided with the Japanese incursion into Manipur and might at that time have had a bad effect on public morale.

The final section (items 34 to 43) contains Mahatma Gandhi's correspondence with the present Viceroy. Mahatma Gandhi's letters restate his old case in new words. His Excellency's main letter (item 42) demonstrates in the clearest terms his friendly desire to put an end to the reign of non-co-operation; and Mahatma Gandhi's reply (item 43) shows his uncompromising attitude on that point and his determination to adhere to his own position.

WIDER NEEDS OF COMMUNITY MUST PREVAIL

Mr. Mehta On Duty Of India's Commercial Community

Below are given extracts from the speech delivered by Mr. Gaganvihari L. Mehta at the opening of the C. P and Berar Chamber of Commerce, Nagpur, on Saturday:—

Chambers of Commerce and other allied commercial organisations have a specific part to play in national economy. They can, as they have hitherto done, focus public attention and mobilise public opinion on economic financial and fiscal questions, ventilate their grievances and complaints and give organised and reasoned expression to their demands. They should scrutinize the policies and measures of Government and other authorities and offer their criticisms and suggestions with a view to safeguard the interests of trade, commerce and industry and assist in refashioning such measures in common interest. They can also act as clearing houses of all information relating to trade and industry such as price index, movement of trade, etc., and prepare regional surveys of economic and commercial conditions. It is essential that factual analysis and documented statements should now replace slogans and broad generalisation and vague allegations if our case is not to go by default. These bodies can assist their members and the commercial public at large in establishing mutual contacts as also putting them in touch with the appropriate authorities. Through the central body of Indian commercial interests, namely, the Federation of Indian Chambers, a local or Provincial body like yours can come into direct contact with other commercial bodies in different parts of India as well as with the central organisation and can also utilise its machinery for coming into touch with the Central authorities at Delhi. Members of your Chamber, moreover, can through the Federation participate in all-India commercial activities and make their own contribution to the formulation of collective views and policies while keeping the central organisation informed about the conditions, needs and interests of the Province itself.

The commercial community in India has a difficult time ahead and complex and serious issues to face. It is not only its right but its duty to participate in the struggle for national emancipation: it has, moreover, to overcome the opposition and resistance of alien interests. Above all, it has to pay a far more vital and constructive part in co-ordinating and harmonising its own needs, requirements and interests with the larger welfare of the people as a whole. It will have to be enlightened enough in its outlook and flexible enough in its policy to see that commerce and industry subserve the wider needs of the community.

Senior Harwood League

SOUTH INDIANS BEAT YOUNG GOANS

Before a large crowd the South Indians defeated the Young Goans by two goals to nil in the First Division of the Harwood League on Friday. The winners were without the services of two of their star players in Bhimrao and Balan which accounts for the smallness of their score. The exchanges were fairly even in the initial period. But the South Indians succeeded in securing a lead of two goals before the interval, Raymond and Murthy being responsible for the points. In the second half the South Indians claimed a larger share of the operations but they failed to convert the opportunities offered to them. The cross-bar and the upright saved the Goans twice from sure goals. The latter had some scoring chances too, but they frittered them away by too much dodging and poor shooting. Thus the latter half remained blank.

TO-DAY'S GAME

6-15 p.m. W.I.A.A. vs. Royal Navy.

PRODUCER GAS PLANT

Exigencies of petrol shortage have led to a phenomenal increase in the number of producer gas plants for use with transport vehicles, in India. Several enterprising firms have started the fabrication of plants for operation with charcoal. The need for testing these plants and tendering scientific advice to manufacturers for improving them, was recognised by the Road Branch of the Department of War Transport sometime ago. The first station was established in Madras. A Central Testing Station for testing plants and for research on gas-producers was recently started in the laboratories of the Director of Scientific and Industrial Research. An article appearing in the May issue of the Journal of Scientific and Industrial Research describes the main features of producer-gas plants, and the testing equipment, and gives the results of tests on 37 plants manufactured by 13 different firms.

Shamdasani's Revision Application

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice MacKlin and Mr. Justice Lokur).

Their lordships issued a Rule on a revision application filed by P. D. Shamdasani against the order of Mr. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, discharging the directors and auditors of the Central Bank of India Ltd. on the charge, under the Indian Companies Act, of having issued a false balance sheet as at 31st December 1929 so as to facilitate the payment of dividends otherwise than out of profits.

The case was filed in February 1930 and "travelled from Court to Court" till its disposal in February last by Mr. Coelho.

Vice-Chancellor Calls Principals' Meeting

Mr. B. J. Wadia, Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University, has called a meeting of the heads of the city colleges to-day (Saturday) to consider the situation arising out of the non-admission of a large number of students in the colleges.

'Habeas Corpus' Petition For Awari

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, June 21.

Mr. P. K. Salwe, Advocate, Nagpur, has filed a Habeas Corpus Application on behalf of Mr M. R. Awari popularly known as General Awari who is a security prisoner in the Jubbulpore Central Jail. Mr. Awari was sentenced to one year R. I for delivering a prejudicial speech under the D.I.R. After the expiry of the term of imprisonment he was detained in the jail under rule 26.

SETH DAGA ON PAROLE

Seth Seodas Daga, M.L.A. (Central) and Sardar Amarsingh Sulgalmere released from the Damoh and Seoni jails respectively yesterday. Seth Daga was released on one month's parole due to serious illness of his daughter who did not survive. Sjt. Seodasji went back to jail after performing the funeral rites.

17 CONGRESS DETENUS RELEASED

SIMLA, June 21: Seventeen more Congress detenus have been ordered to be released by the Punjab Government, leaving 93 in detention. This raises the total number of detenus released during the last fortnight to 87.—A. P.

5th WEEK

HIND MATA

(PAREL)

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holidays 1-15 p.m.

RANJIT'S CLASSIC

TANSEN

SAIGAL, KHURSHID.
Ladies' Special Class annas 5|-

KOHINOOR

(DADAR).

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holidays 1 p.m.

MINERVA'S SAINT PICTURE

BHAKTA
RAIDAS

LALITA PAWAR & PARESH BANERJI

CITY LIGHT.

(B.B. MATUNGA)

Daily, 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sun., Holidays 1-15 p.m.

NAI JINDAGI

SHEIKH MUKHTAR, ANIS KHATU YAKUB

NEXT ATTRACTION

NAMASTE

PALACE

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

A softie with the Ladies . . . but a devil in action!

SALUTE TO THE MARINES

Metro's Technicolor hit with
WALLACE BEERY, FAY BAINTER, R. OWEN

SUN. MORN. AT 10-30 A.M.

BIRTH OF THE BLUES

BING CROSBY, MARY MARTIN

3RD TRIUMPHANT WEEK!
MINERVA'S Historical Hit

PRITHVI VALLABH

SOHRAB MODI, DURGA KHOTE
Daily 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
Matinee: Sat., Sun., 1 p.m.

CHITRA
Vincent Road, Dadar

EDWARD

Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

17TH CROWDED WEEK!

VISHWAS

SURENDRA MEHTAB

Sunday Morn. 10 a.m.
JOHNNY APOLLO
TYRONE POWER, DOROTHY LAMOUR

LIGHT HOUSE

MATUNGA
"CHINTANAMANI"
(TAMIL)
with
M. K. THYAGARAJA BHAGAVATHAR
and
K. ASHWATHAMMA
on Sunday 25th June, 1944 at 9-30 a.m.

6th WEEK

RANJIT'S
Gayest Musical Comedy

Bansari

CHARLIE, ISHWARLAL, SHAMIM, DIXIT, URMILA

Director: JAYANT DESAI

Supreme Release

OPERA HOUSE

Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m Sat., Sun., Matinee 1-30

Advance Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 and 3 to 6-30

CLASSICAL VOCAL MUSIC

BY

BADE GULAM ALLIKHAN
Tabla: ALLARAKHA
Sarangi: HAMID HUSHEIN
ON
Sunday 25th June
at 4 p.m. (N. S T.)
AT

LUXMI BAUG

NEW BHATWADI

Guest Tickets 2-8 including tax

Tickets will be available at the Hall on programme day at 2 p.m.

PARADISE

MAHIM.
Daily 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.

ASSIGNMENT IN BRITTANY

Pierre Aumont, Susan Peters

Sunday Morn. 10-30 a.m.
TIGER SHARK
EDWARD G. ROBINSON
ZITA JOHANNA

PRAKASH'S
FLAG FLYING HIGHER AND HIGHER

RAM RAJYA

45th WEEK

Direction: VIJAY BHATT

SHOBHANA SAMARTH PREM ADIB, UMAKANT

Time: 3-30, 6-30 (Hindi)
9-15 (Marathi)
Fri., Sat., Sun 12-30 (Hindi)
Sun. Morn 9-30 (Marathi)

SUPER

EVERGREEN RELEASE

EROS

India's most hygienic Theatre
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Phone 22519

A mighty monster running amok!
An inhuman beast raging with fury!
Death and danger on the loose!

"FRANKENSTEIN MEETS THE WOLF MAN"

A Universal picture with
Bela LUGOSI,
Lon CHANEY
Ilona MASSEY
Patric KNOWLES
Lionel ATWILL
Also—Latest War News

Tomorrow, at 10 a.m.
Bud ABBOTT, Lou COSTELLO in their biggest laugh-hit!
"RIDE 'EM COWBOY"

STIR in FILM INDUSTRY

When Laxmi's Spectacular Fantasy KADAMBARI broke the All-India record in collections at the ROXY six weeks ago, it created a STIR in the Film Industry. When the public defied bad weather and thronged the ROXY show after show, week after week, it baffled the men in the Trade. Now in the 7th week when it still holds the top position in the Entertainment world, men in the Industry are bewildered. Does not all this simply mean that you must see this KADAMBARI starring Shanta Apte, Vanmala, Pahari, directed by Nandlal Jashvantlal, and if you have already seen, you should see it again?

LAXMI PRODUCTIONS'

KADAMBARI

the latest Sensation in Film Craft.

ROXY

Daily: 3-30 6-30 & 9-30
Sat., Sun., Holidays 1 p.m.
Advance Booking 9-30 to 12
3-30 to 6 p.m.

A Delightful Comedy With

DANCE-MUSIC-LAUGH

PRAKASH'S SOCIAL

Police

with PREM and RATNAMALA
Direction: SHANTI KUMAR

★

NOW IN 7TH WEEK

Daily: 4, 7, 10
Sun: Matinee 1 p. m.

CAPITOL

AN EVERGREEN RELEASE

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on 18 April, 2017

THE SECOND FRONT OPENS
WITH 5 SECRET WEAPONS
INDIAN SCREENS' Best PARACHUTISTS DESCEND upon you!
GENERAL DELIGHT LAUGH ALL OVER
CAKALE

હાસ્યનો સરદાર

Director: JAYANT DESAI'S
Family picture with a comedy appeal!

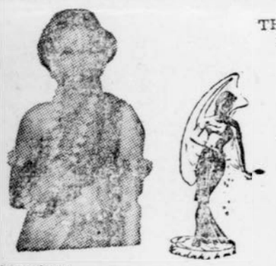
MANORAMA

LEELA CHITNIS, ISHWARLAL, CHARLIE,
NEW FIND NASEEM (Jr.), MUBARAK, MAYA BANERJI

THUNDERING 3RD WEEK — *NEW WEST END*

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holidays 1 p.m.
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 & 3 to 6 p.m.

EVEN EMPEROR VIKRAMADITYA BOWED BEFORE HIM... 5TH Crowded Week



WHEN HE HEARD THE DIVINE POETRY OF POET KALIDAS!

INDIA'S CULTURAL HERITAGE, THE POETRY OF KALIDAS . . . NOW IN ALL THE SPLENDOUR AND SPECTACLE BROUGHT TO THE SCREEN!

Mahakavi **Kalidas**

Starring: PAHARI, SNEHPRABHA, VANMALA, ULLHAS, NAND KISHORE

RAJLAXMI, Pictures Great Screen Spectacle!

Direction: Sjt. SUDHIR SEN

KRISHNA

Daily: 4, 7, and 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Matinee at 1 p.m.
(A 'Diamond Paradise' Release)

Dubash Theatre
Advance Booking:
10 a.m. to 12 noon
3 p.m. to 6 p.m.

THE MOTION PICTURE THAT HAS STARTED THE TALK ABOUT THE MOST TALKED ABOUT STORY!
starring
SURENDRA
SADHONA BOSE
Many Hit Tunes! Beautiful Dances!
Soul-stirring, Heart-throbbing LOVE!
A Supporting Cast of FAVOURITES

Paigam

(DIRECTED BY SURENDRA DESAI)
A UNITED FILM DISTRIBUTORS' RELEASE
NOW AT
LAMINGTON TALKIES
Advance booking at the theatre from 10 to 12 noon and 5 to 6 p.m.
Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
Matinee on Saturdays and Sundays at 1-45 p.m.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Shud 4, 2000
Muslim: Rajjab 2, 1363
Parsi: Deh 2a, 1313
Sunrise: 7-4 a.m. Sunset 8-16 p.m.
Hightide: 2-49, 15-37. Lowtide 8-37, 21-51

To-day's Engagement

STUDENTS' MEETINGS.—A meeting of all the Students' who failed to secure admission at the Wilson College will be held in Bombay Students' Union Office at Neelum Manzil, 350 Lamington Road, today at 1 p.m.

A meeting of all the Students' who failed to secure admission at the St. Xaviers College will be held at the Xavier College today at 1-30 p.m.

SOUTH INDIAN SANGEETHE SABHA.—A Harikatha Kalakshepam on "Subhadra Parinayam" by Srimathi Kanakambujammal of Pudukkottah State today at 5-30 p.m. at the South Indian Education Society's School Hall, Matunga, G.I.P.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES.—Religious discourse by Swami Sambudchanandaji today (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Batliboi's Accountancy Institute, Prescott Road, Fort. (In English) On Vedanta Philosophy (Brahma Sutra).

PARIMAL SANGH.—Recital of songs by Shri Virendra Bhatt today 6-30 p.m. at Nuton Kelavani Mandir, French Rd. Chowpatty.

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN.—J. R. Screwala will deliver a lecture on 'Scientific and Historical facts about Meteors and Meteorites' at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan at 5-30 p.m. today. Shri Nagindas T Master will preside.

BOMBAY WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION.—A General meting and the 'Eco-Conference' of the above Association will be held today at the Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, at 5 p.m when the Delegates to the last Conference A.I.W.C. and Lady Rama Rau will give an account of the Session.

STUDENTS' CO-OPERATIVE STORES.—The Secretary Students' Co-operative Stores Ltd., writes:—Shareholders and students are advised that the store was registered by the Registrar Co-operative Societies on 21st inst. under the Co-operative Societies Act and is functioning as "The Students Co-operative Stores Ltd." at 42, Kennedy Bridge. Stocks of cheap fountain pen ink and dissecting sets have arrived and are on sale.

Prospectus and share application form are available from office. Membership is open to 'bona flues' students only.

PRIZE BONDS DRAW.—The Committee to supervise the first half-yearly draw for prize for the Government of India Five-Year Interest-free Prize Bonds 1949, which is to be held at 11 a.m. on Saturday (July 15, at Sir Jehangir Hall, Bombay, will consist of the following:—(1) Hon. Sir Harilal J. Kania, (Chairman), (2) Mr. C. R. Trevor, (3) Sir Rustom P. Masani, (4) Sir Cowasjee Jehangir, (5) Hon. Sir Rahmitoola Chinoy.

TRINITY MUTUAL WRESTLING TROPHY

The above trophy is offered to the Bombay Physical Culture Association by the Trinity Mutual Association Company Limited as a part of their national health promotion scheme. It is a silver trophy worth about Rs. 2,000. It wil remain with the Association, and every year the name of the winner in the wrestling tournament that will be arranged by the Association will be inscribed on it.

NORTH BOMBAY HINDU STUDENTS' FEDERATION.—The meeting of the Working Committee will be held on (Sunday) at 9 a.m. in the office under the Presidentship of Mr. Reshamwala.

TECHNOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the Technological Association, University of Bombay, will be held today at 5-15 p.m. in the Auditorium of the Department of Chemical Technology, Matunga Road, Matuga, in memory of the late Sir Prafulla Chandra Ray. Sir Jnan Chandra Ghosh D.Sc, F.N.I, Director, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, will speak on the life of Sir Prafulla Chandra Ray.

BROADCAST ON TEXTILE CONTROL.—Mr. M. K. Vellodi, the Textile Commissioner, will give a talk on "twelve months of Textile Control" from the Bombay Station of the All-India Radio at 9-45 p.m. on Saturday.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS.

The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 19 (Chinchpokli Love-Grove) will meet near the Kermani Market (Junction of Arthur Road and DeLisle Road) oday (Saturday) at 6-51 a.m. (B.T.) 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) to go round the ward.

Residents of the ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY.—The fourteenth annual general meeting of the Bombay Co-operative Insurance Society will be held at the Society's Registered Office, "Co-operative Insurance Building," Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) today when the Annual Report and Audited Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1943 will be adopted.

LOST

Mr. K. P. Diksnit writes:—
While going to Malad by the 7-40 a.m. Borivli local train, I forgot a file bearing the heading 'Bills' in a third class compartment. The finder may kindly inform me at "Hindusthan", Podar Chambers, Fort, Bombay.

LICENCE CANCELLED

The Government of Bombay has cancelled the licence granted to Messrs. Dullabhadas Kuberdas and Company, Ganesh Bhuvan, Ganesh Wadi, Bombay, under clause 8 A of the Bombay Cotton Cloth Dealers Licencing Order, 1943.

RESTAURANT RAIDED

The premises of Empire Stores and Restaurant, near Bori Bunder were raided on Friday morning by the Esplanade Police at the instance of Inspector Shringarpure of the Anti-Profiteering Branch of the Bombay Government. It is alleged that the stores sold a bottle of Pond's Cream for Rs. 3-0-0, where as the reasonable price as approved by the Controller General of Civil Supplies is Rs. 1-5-6.

Sadhona Bose in 'Paigam' at Lamington

"PAIGAM" RELEASED AT LAMINGTON

Surendra And Sadhona Bose Co-starred In Dance-Musical

BY T. V. P.

Amar Pictures' 'Paigam' was released yesterday at Lamington, through United Film Distributors, music and dancing naturally predominate in a picture in which Surendra the favourite songster of the Indian screen and Sadhona Bose the danseuse are starred. "Paigam" is an attempt at bringing home the significance of dance and music in our daily life. It also attempts to symbolise the unity among our classes and communities. This message is conveyed thrcugh the characterisations assigned to Surendra and Sadhona. Surendra Desai has directed the picture.

'RAMSHASTRI' NEXT FRIDAY AT CENTRAL

A judicious blend of authentic history and popular legend makes Prabhat's 'Ramshastri' what may be called a documentary romance. Most of the incidents presented on the screen have actually happened and the gaps are filled up with folklore about the great judge of the Peshawas—tales that have been told from generation to generation for a hundred and seventy-five years. Salient episodes in the life of 'Ramshastri' are skilfully connected to lead to a logical dramatic climax, and the last impression left by the central figure of the play will be found very poignant indeed. Picture-goers are waiting in lively anticipation for 'Ramshastri' to manifest himself on the Central Screen on Friday, June 30.

'Soonbai' in the seventh week at Central is vacating in favour of 'Ramshastri' but it is running to crowded houses all the same. Those who have not seen it may hasten to do so during the coming five or six days.

'Sanjog' of Kardar Productions will be the next change at Imperial, where Bombay Talkies 'Char Ankhe' is now running. Charlie is starred in this picture and Mehtab, Wasti and Ullhas are featured. It is a musical comedy, Madhok and Naushad Ali being in charge of the music.

"Dil-Ki-Baat" is running well at Minerva. 'Mali' still refuses to move from Novelty, 'Kadambari' is faring quite well at Roxy, 'Nai Dunia' is at Majestic and 'Kalidas' at Krishna. 'Police' is popular at Capitol and 'Manorama' is a popular rage at West End.

Vijay Bhatt began his 'Samrat Vikramaditya' on Thursday morning at Prakash Studios.

V. H. Desai as he will be seen in a scene in "Chal Chal Re Nav Javan" of Filmstan

KASTURBA GANDHI MEMORIAL FUND

Rs. 3,86,448 Collected Upto June 20

The total collections received by the Kasturba Gandhi National Memorial Fund, Bombay Committee upto June 20, 1944, amount to Rs. 3,86,448. Among the donors are, Tata concerns, Rs. 1,50,000; Messrs. Birla Brothers, Bombay Rs. 1,00,000; Central Bank of India Ltd., Rs. 10,000; Staff of Scindia and their Allied concerns and friends, Rs. 5,001; Vande Mataram and Suman Publicity, Rs. 5,000; Sir Chunilal B. Mehta, Rs. 2,000; Sjt. Vaikunth L. Mehta, 1,000 and a donor, Rs. 1,000.

BOMBAY, June 23: A press note issued by the Bombay Committee of the Kasturba Gandhi National Memorial Fund says that as already announced the Oriental Life Assurance Co. Ltd. have donated Rs. 15,000.

Late Mr. S. R. Haldipur

The death took place at Karwar on the 18th instant of the well-known Congress leader of Kanara, Mr. Subrao Ramachandra Haldipurkar, B.A., LL.B., after a brief illness. The late Mr. Haldipur was a member of the Bombay Legislative Council and was twice imprisoned in connection with the Civil Disobedience movement. He was for sometime president of the Kanara District Board and took a leading part in all public activities in the district.

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Directed by SUSHIL MAZUMDAR
7TH WEEK
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
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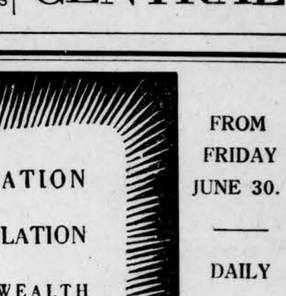

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Sat., Sun., Hol. 1 p.m.
Booking: 10 to 12 Noon
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MINERVA
A 'PEERLESS' RELEASE

9TH WEEK OF RECORD CROWDS!
BOMBAY TALKIES' JUBILEE HIT
KISMET
Starring: ASHOK KUMAR, MUMTAZ SHANTI.
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TALKIES DADAR

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JACK OAKIE, CESAR ROMERO
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EXTENDED FOR ONE WEEK BY PUBLIC DEMAND!
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SOONBAI
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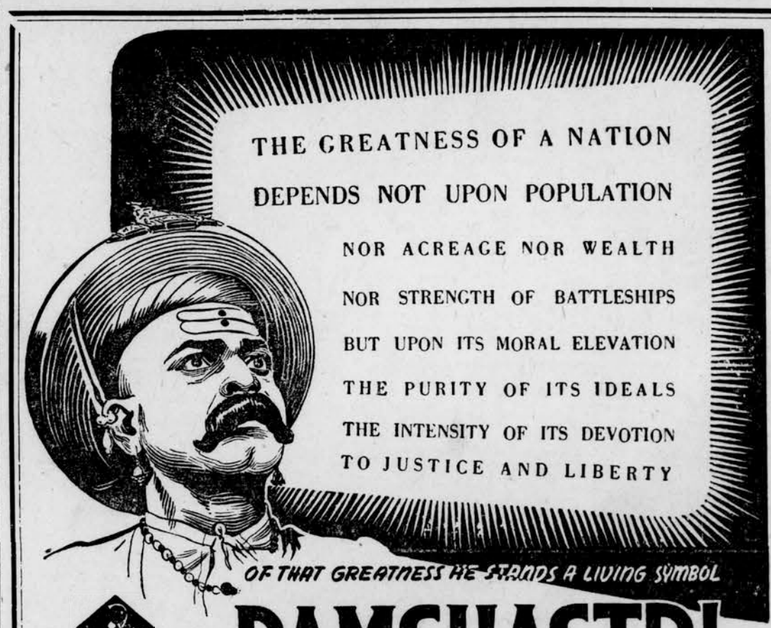
ZENANA SHOW Tues., Thurs., 1 p.m.
7TH WEEK
AT
CENTRAL


THE GREATNESS OF A NATION
DEPENDS NOT UPON POPULATION
NOR ACREAGE NOR WEALTH
NOR STRENGTH OF BATTLESHIPS
BUT UPON ITS MORAL ELEVATION
THE PURITY OF ITS IDEALS
THE INTENSITY OF ITS DEVOTION
TO JUSTICE AND LIBERTY
OF THAT GREATNESS HE STANDS A LIVING SYMBOL

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, June 23.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours on June 20.

Allahabad	102	84	0	BOMBAY	91	81	0
Calcutta	105	83	0	Cawnpore	101	83	0
Cuttack	102	80	0.1	Darjeeling	67	57	0
Delhi	101	79	0	Dehra Dun	93	74	0
Jacobabad	105	85	0	Karachi	91	84	0
Lahore	108	77	0	Lucknow	99	81	0
Madras	100	82	0	Nagpur	101	83	0
Patna	99	83	0	Peshawar	108	82	0
Shillong	79	64	0.4	Simla	73	62	0

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

New occasions teach new duties; Time makes ancient good uncouth;

They must upward still, and onward, who would keep abreast of Truth.

—J. R. Lowell.

The Bombay Chronicle

AN ESSENTIAL CONDITION

At the State banquet given by the Chinese President at Chungking Mr Henry Wallace, Vice-President of the United States, rightly emphasised the need for self-government for the peoples of Asia as essential for peace in Eastern Asia and the Pacific, a point which he had elucidated before in his article on "Our Job in the Pacific." There are various political and racial entities in Asia, he said, "now in a state of colonial dependency whose aspirations to self-government should receive prompt and positive attention after victory." Herein he has only repeated his suggestion in his article that the United States should in its own interest, promote the economic and political freedom of India, the Netherlands Indies and other colonial areas of the Pacific," as Asia cannot exist "half slave" and "half free." It appears such ideas are becoming common in America. The "United States News" says that they not only express the attitude of the President but also "fit in with the United States policy of championing the right of people everywhere to independence and freedom." There may be some wishful thinking here. For America's ideals of freedom and democracy did not induce either the President or the people to join issue with Mr. Churchill when he said that Atlantic Charter did not apply to India. However, it is pleasing to learn from Reuter that the publication of Mr. Wallace's views on the political freedom in the East "has intensified American discussion regarding the question of India".

Mr. Wallace expressed the hop that "China would work for a enlightened solution of national minority problems within China". We do not know what special need there was to make the suggestion. There are no national minority problems in China. As President Chiang Kai-Shek remarked "China respects the integrity and independence of every nation" and "does not dream of domination." It is to be hoped no attempt is being made to create minority problems in China! India, too, respects the integrity and independence of every nation. And it is in that spirit that she helps war effort in every way. It follows that she expects independence for herself as well as for other nations, and she demands it and needs it today and not after the war, while even Mr. Wallace wishes colonial dependencies to be free "after victory." As Gandhiji is never tired of saying, only as a free country can India play a worthy role in the war for world freedom and world peace. In his reply to Government's pamphlet on Congress responsibility Gandhiji says unequivocally: "The literal fact is that when I gave the country the withdrawal formula, I was possessed by one idea and one only, that if India was to be saved and also the Allied cause, and if India was to play not merely an effective but, may be, a decisive part in the war, India must be absolutely free now."

Serious Defeat

It is a very serious, indeed disastrous, defeat that the Japanese Imperial Grand Fleet has sustained off the Mariana's and somebody has rightly suggested that "America's navy has given a spectacular new turn to the Pacific war" by inflicting that defeat. This defeat is tremendously significant not so much because of the actual losses suffered by the Japanese as of the background of the clash and of the irrevocable doom of Japan that it brings forth as its lesson. For nearly two years now the Japanese fleet has been beaten every time it challenged the Americans. But all the fights had taken place in waters far away even from Japan's outer defensive zones. This time it was for and within her inner defensive zone. The Jap Navy had for a long time been avoiding a show down. This time it came out because it was forced to, but it came out first, in its own waters, and second, greatly benefited from lessons of past defeats and, third, in great strength. So far as nett material losses of the surface fleet are concerned they amount only—but at a conservative estimate—to two aircraft carriers and five tankers. They are grievous enough but not fatal.

Where the great significance of the defeat lies is in the Japanese admission expressed in the flight of the Grand Fleet, that Japan's navy and its air force cannot stand up even to the advance guard of the American Navy, the aeroplane; that it is giving up its last role too, namely, as a defensive factor. It is virtually eliminating itself from this war. The immediate consequences are that the conquest of the Marianas, let alone that of the Carolines, has become a matter of course. Thereafter, the Philippines: with the demoralised "Grand Fleet" withdrawing to main Japanese naval bases after receiving another routine hammering and, there, wishing for nothing better than to be allowed to die in peace

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Imphal Relieved

Spectacular and nearly decisive as is the blow struck in the Central Pacific is not the only significant victory the Allies have won against Japan during the last few days. The clearing up of the Kohima-Imphal road and the consequent relief of the big British base in Assam, which the Japs had invested months ago, is another important success, which ought to produce some immediate and interesting repercussions. We do not agree that the "token invasion" of Assam, which at one stage threatened to assume a seriously menacing shape, could not have been avoided or crushed in its initial stages. But while the Japanese successes were due to a considerable extent to their unexpected good luck in catching the British Command unprepared, they were also due to their qualities as tough, nimble fast moving jungle fighters. They travelled light, jumped, as it were, impossible obstacles, faced extreme hardships and, once dug in, were extremely difficult to be dug out. Thus they remained for over three months in an important area of Assam, threatening all the time, Kohima, Imphal and even the Assam Bengal Railway.

Important Development

But they had over-reached themselves and had forgotten some vital things: British resources and easy lines of communications and Allied command of the air. They could not hold on to Kohima and they could not subdue Imphal. With the advent of the monsoon, they discovered the dangerous disadvantages of the monsoon in the battle area and, even more, its effects on their long, tortuous and primitive lines of communications. The rains have washed away a remarkable adventure and the Japs have fled. It is an important development because the retreat that has started should soon see the Japs ejected from Indian territory and that would mean a great blow to Japan because Jap propagandists had been playing up the "invasion of India" for all they were worth. But what about the victorious defenders? Will SEAC rest content on the Indo-Burma front with its laurels or is it going to give no rest to the retreating Japs?

Another Falsehood Exposed

The Joint Board of Representatives of the Textile Labour Association is very late in exposing the falsehood in the Government pamphlet on "Congress Responsibility" that the reason why the Ahmedabad mills went on strike from August 9 to November 15, 1942 was that "these were subjected to special political pressure, backed by ample funds." The Board now points out that "no political pressure of any kind had even the remotest connection with the origin or the maintenance of the strike and no funds existed or were employed for the purpose of or in connection with strike at any stage." On the contrary, the Board adds: "The abstention from work was a conscious act of voluntary self-sacrifice and self-abnegation on the part of the workers under the influence of a strong and natural emotion. During the period of strike, a large number of workers are known to have suffered severe hardships, many of them having had to sell away all their material belongings and to incur debts of varying amounts." All this should have been published immediately after the falsehoods about political pressure and funds were circulated. But though late, the exposure is complete.

India's Freedom Necessary For Victory Of Allied Cause

Gandhiji Explains Why He Gave Country Withdrawal Formula

Continuing his reply to the Government of India publication "Congress Responsibility for Disturbances of 1942-43", Gandhiji wrote in his letter dated 15th July 1945, to Sir Richard Tottenham, Additional Secretary, Home Department, Government of India:—

16 From the same paragraph take the following:—

"Bowing to the gathering force of this opposition, and also, as will be shown later, with a possible view to reconciling disagreement among members of the Working Committee Mr. Gandhi discovered the gap' in his original proposals. In 'Harijan' of June 14th, he paved the way,—by the slightly cryptic assertion that, if he had his way, the Indian National Government when formed would tolerate the presence of the United Nations on Indian soil under certain well defined conditions but would permit no further assistance,—for the more definite statement made to an American journalist in the following week's 'Harijan', when in reply to a quest on whether he envisaged Free India's allowing Allied troops to operate from India, he said: 'I do. It will be only then that you will see real co-operation'. He continued that he did not contemplate the complete shifting of Allied troops from India and that, provided India became entirely free, he could not insist on their withdrawal. This is for me their withdrawal."

This is for me the key thought opening the author's mind. It is built on finding motives other than those that are apparent from my language. Had I been guided by the force of the opposition whether from the foreign or the Indian Press or from Congressmen, I should not have hesitated to say so.

It is well-known that I am as capable of resisting opposition that makes no appeal to my head or my heart, as I am of readily yielding when it does. But the literal fact is that when I gave the country the withdrawal formula, I was possessed by one idea and one ony that if India was to be saved and also the Allied cause, and if India was to pay not merely an effective but, may be a decisive part in the war.

The 'gap' was this: although the British Government might be willing to declare India's independence they might still wish, for their own and for China's defence to retain their troops in India. What would be my position in that case—

FISHER'S QUESTIONS

It is now well-known that the difficulty was presented to me by Mr. Louis Fischer. He had come to Sevagram and stayed with me for nearly a week. As a result of the discussions between us, he drew up certain questions for me to answer. My reply to his second question, the author describes as a "slightly cryptic assertion' paving the way for a "more definite statement in the following week's "Harijan". I give below the whole of the article embodying the questions and answers. It was written on 7th June 1942 and appeared in the "Harijan" dated 14th June, pp. 188:

A friend was discussing with me the implications of the new proposal. As the discussion was naturally desultory I asked him to frame his questions which I would answer through "Harijan". He agreed and gave me the following:

1. Q. You ask the British Government to withdraw immediately from India. Would Indians thereupon form a national Government, and what groups or parties would participate in such an Indian Government?

A. My proposal is one-sided, i.e., for the British Government to act upon, wholly, irrespective of what Indians would do or would not do. I have even assumed temporary chaos on their withdrawal But if the withdrawal takes place in an orderly manner, it is likely that on their withdrawal a provisional Government will be set up by and from among the present leaders. But another thing may also happen. All those who have no thought of the nation but only of themselves may make a bid for power and get together the turbulent forces with which they would seek to gain control somewhere and somehow. I should hope that with the complete, final and honest withdrawal of the British power the wise leaders will realise their responsibility forget their differences for the moment, and set up a provisional Government out of the material left by the British power. As there would be no power regulating the admission or rejection of parties or persons to or from the Council board, restraint alone will be the guide. If that happens probably the Congress, the League and the States representatives will be allowed to function and they will come to a loose understanding on the formation of provisional national Government. All this is necessarily guesswork and nothing more.

2. Q. Would that Indian national Government permit the United Nations to use Indian territory as a base of military operations against Japan and other Axis powers?

A. Assuming that the national Government is formed and if it answers my expectations, its first act would be to enter into a treaty with the United Nations for defensive operations against aggressive powers, it being common cause that India will have nothing to do with any of the Fascist powers and India would be morally bound to help the United Nations.

3. Q. What further assistance would this Indian national Government be ready to render the United Nations in the course of the present war against the Fascist aggressors?

A If I have any hand in guiding the imagined national Government, there would be no further assistance save the toleration of the United Nations on the Indian soil under well-defined conditions Naturally there will be no prohibition against any Indian giving his own personal help by way of being a recruit or/and of giving financial aid It should be understood that the Indian army has been disbanded with the withdrawal of British power. Again if I have any say in the councils of the national Government, all its power prestige and resources would be used towards bringing about world peace. But of course after the formation of the national Government my voice may be a voice in the wilderness and nationalist India may go war-mad.

4. Q. Do you believe this collaboration between India and the Allied powers might or should be formulated in a treaty of alliance or an agreement for mutual aid?

A. I think the question is altogether premature and in any case it will not much matter whether the relations are regulated by treaty or agreement. I do not even see any difference.

Let me sum up my attitude. One thing and only one thing for me is solid and certain. This unnatural prostration of a great nation—it is neither 'nations' nor 'peoples'—must cease if the victory of the Allies is to be ensured. They lack the moral basis. I see no difference between the Fascist or Nazi Powers and the Allies. All are exploiters, all resort to ruthlessness to the extent required to compass their end. America and Britain are very great nations, but their greatness will count a 'dust' before the bar of dumb humanity whether African or Asiatic They and they alone have the power to undo the wrong. They have no right to talk of human liberty and all else unless they have washed their hands clean of the pollution. That necessary wash will be their surest insurance of success, for they will have the good wishes—unexpressed but no less certain—of millions of dumb Asiatics and Africans. Then, but not till then will they be fighting for a new order. This is the reality. All else is speculation. I have allowed myself, however, to indulge in it as a test of my 'bona fides' and for the sake of explaining in a concrete manner what I mean by my proposal.

UNWARRANTED SUGGESTION

What is described as the 'mere definite statement' is nothing but an impromptu reply given to an American journalist, Mr. Grover, representative of the Associated Press of America. If that interview had not chanced to come about, there might have been no statement 'more definite' than what appeared in my reply to Mr. Louis Fischer. Hence the writer's suggestion that I "paved the way" for 'the more definite statement' in the following week's 'Harijan' is altogether unwarranted, if I may not call it even mischievous

I do not regard my answers to Mr. Louis Fischer as a "slightly cryptic statement." They are deliberate answers given to deliberate questions framed after a full discussion lasting a week. My answers show very clearly that I had no scheme beyond the 'Quit India' formula, that all else was guess, and that immediately the Allied Nations difficulty was made clear to me, I capitulated.

I saw the 'gap' and filled it in, in the best manner I knew. The definite statement' fortunately for me, in my opinion leaves little room if any for conjectures and insinuation in which the writer has indulged. Let it speak for itself. Here are the relevant portions:

Coming to the point, Mr. Grover said again: "There is a good deal of speculation that you are planning some new movement. What is the nature of it?"

It depends on the response made by the Government and the people. I am trying to find out public opinion here and also the reaction on the world outside."

"When you speak of the response, you mean response to your new proposal?"

"Oh, yes", said Gandhiji. "I mean response to the proposal that the British Government in India should end to-day. Are you startled?"

"I am not", said Mr. Grover, "you have been asking for it and working for it."

"That's right. I have been working for it for years. But now it has taken definite shape and I say that the British power in India should go to-day for the world peace, for China, for Russia and for the Allied cause. I shall explain to you how it advances that Allied cause. Complete independence frees India's energies, frees her to make her contribution to the world crisis. To-day the Allies are carrying the burden of a huge corpse—a huge nation lying prostrate at the feet of Britain. I would even say at the feet of the Allies. For America is the predominant partner, financing the war, giving her mechanical ability and her resources which are inexhaustible. America is thus a partner in the guilt."

"Do you see a situation when after full independence is granted American and Allied troops can operate from India?" Mr. Grover pertinently asked. "I do," said Gandhiji. "It will be only then that you will see real co-operation. Otherwise all the effort you put up may fail. Just now Britain is having India's resources because India is her possession. Tomorrow whatever the help, it will be real help from a 'free' India."

"You think India in control interferes with Allied action to meet Japan's aggression?"

"It does."

"When I mentioned Allied troops operating I wanted to know whether you contemplated complete shifting of the present troops from India?"

"Not necessarily."

"It is on this that there is a lot of misconception.'

"You have to study all I am writing. I have discussed the whole question in the current issue of 'Harijan.' I do not want them to go, on condition that India becomes entirely free. I cannot then insist on their withdrawal, because I want to resist with all my might the charge of inviting Japan to India."

"But suppose your proposal is rejected what will be your next move?"

"It will be a move which will be felt by the whole world. It may not interfere with the movement of British troops but it is sure to engage British attention. It would be wrong of them to reject my proposal and say India should remain a slave in order that Britain may win or be able to defend China I cannot accept that degrading position. India free and independent will play a prominent part in defending China. To-day I do not think she is rendering any real help to China. We have followed the non-embarrassment policy so far. We will follow it even now. But we cannot allow the British Government to exploit it in order to strengthen the strangle-hold on India. And to-day it amounts to that The way, for instance, in which thousands are being asked to vacate their homes with nowhere to go to, no land to cultivate, no resources to fall back upon, is the reward of our non-embarrassment. This should be impossible in any free country. I cannot tolerate India submitting to this kind of treatment. It means greater degradation and servility, and when a whole nation accepts servility it means good-bye for ever to freedom.

India's gains for British Victory.

"All you want is the civil grip relaxed. You won't then hinder military activity?" was Mr. Grover's next question.

"I do not know. I want unadulterated independence. If the military activity serves but to strengthen the strangle-hold, I must resist that too. I am no philanthropist to go on helping at the expense of my freedom. And what I want you to see is that a corpse cannot give any help to a living body. The Allies have no moral cause for which they are fighting so long as they are carrying this double sin on their shoulders, the sin of India's subjection and the subjection of the Negroes and African races."

Mr. Grover tried to draw a picture of a free India 'after an Allied victory. Why not wait for the boons of victory? Gandhiji mentioned as the boons of the last World War the Rowlatt Act and martial law at Amritsar. Mr. Grover mentioned more economic and industrial prosperity—by no means due to the grace of the Government, but by the force of circumstances, and economic prosperity was a step further forward to Swaraj. Gandhiji said the few industrial gains were wrung out of unwilling hands, he set no store by such gains after this war, those gains may be further shackles, and it was doubtful proposition whether there would be any gains—when one had in mind the industrial policy that was being followed during the war. Mr. Grover did not seriously press the point.

(To Be Continued)

NO CUT IN CITY'S RATION

BOMBAY, June 23: Enquiries in authoritative circles reveal that there is no truth in the rumour that there is shortly going to be a cut in the City's ration, particularly in rice and sugar.

MENACE TO NATION'S CULTURAL PROGRESS

Book-sellers And Publishers Demand Suspension Of Paper Control Orders

The new Paper Control orders will reduce the Indian Book-sellers to a helpless dependance on foreign imports. In essence, they will extinguish our cultural life, said Mr. G. R. Bhatkal, President, the Bombay Book-sellers Association presiding over joint meeting of the executive committee of the Association and the Gujarati book-sellers and Publishers' Association, held on Friday evening.

Resolutions were passed 'strongly disapproving' the Government's action in bringing into force the Paper Control Order 1944, at once, earnestly urging the suspension of the Order and calling a Conference of all bodies concerned to evolve a scheme to achieve the goal, i.e., economic use of paper and that the "Associations are of definite opinion that this Order will be a serious blow to their trade, and the whole cultural progress of the nation."

TELEGRAM TO GOVT. OF INDIA

The following telegram was sent to the Government of India: Committee strongly protests against the issue of such drastic order. Fear serious consequences among book-selling, printing, publishing trades requests suspension. Detailed representation follows.

Plea For Amendment Of Paper Control Orders

BOMBAY, Friday.

The new Paper Control Order was characterised as drastic and unnecessary by prominent Indian publishers, in the course of interviews to the "Bombay Chronicle." A striking feature of the order, it was pointed out by one publisher, is that Government does not guarantee to help the printers or publishers of general books to secure even the 30 per cent quota at the controlled rate. It was urged that the Paper Controller should issue amendments in the light of the criticism and suggestions made on the order. It was also suggested that an advisory panel consisting of leading publishers, stationers and printers should be formed to represent their case to the Controller.

Mr. J. H. Taraporevala of Messrs. D. B. Taraporvala Sons & Co., in the course of an interview to the "Chronicle" said: "For several years past, publishing in India was in its infancy. Since the outbreak of war, restrictions were placed on English publishers due to paper shortage in England. It was found that many English publications which could have been sold in India in large numbers were not easily available. Enterprising Indian and English firms of publishers of general books in India thereupon approached the leading publishers of England for permission to reprint their books in India. The English publishers in most cases, willingly gave permission with the result that thousands of copies of Indian editions of works of eminent writers like Andre Maurois, Herbert Casson, Dale Carnegie etc. have been sold throughout the length and breadth of this country. There has also been a great demand for authoritative books on India and Indian subjects written by Indian authors. This phenomenal increase in the sale of Indian publications has really helped the Indian publishing industry to thrive during the last two years. During this period publishers of general books in India have been able to place large orders with printers who have somehow or other managed to secure the paper from the market even when they could not get the same with the help of Government. So far hardly any printer has let down his customer by expressing inability to secure paper required for general books. It is therefore difficult to understand why Government has now issued such a drastic order to curtail the consumption of paper to 30 per cent of 1943 production figures in respect of general books.

NO GUARANTEE OF GOVT. HELP.

A striking feature of the order is that Government does not guarantee to help the printers or publishers of general books to secure even this 30 per cent quota at the controlled rate. The printers and publishers will be expected to continue to try to get the paper from the market as best as they can.

As regards the paper order itself, if due to shortage of coal and any other reasons, the production of Indian paper mills is likely to be curtailed by about 30 per cent., as was mentioned by a leading printer recently, Government should fix the quota for general books at 70 per cent of the 1943 production figures.

Once the annual quota of each publisher is determined, the publisher should be free to utilise that quota in the course of 12 months. In actual practice, it would be quite impossible for any publisher to use every month exactly 1/12 of the quota as is mentioned in the new order. If during any particular month the publisher has not used up his monthly quota, he must be allowed to use the same during subsequent months

The Paper Controller should clearly define the word "use", taking into consideration the practical difficulties of the publishers. Paper quota should be considered to have been "used" as soon as a publisher accepts a printer's estimate for producing a book and the printer confirms the acceptance of the order. This would mean that even if a book is produced by the printer in the course of several months, that particular part of the quota which is earmarked for that book should be considered as having been used on the date of acceptance of order by the printer.

"DRASTIC & UNNECESSARY'

Mr. M. N. Kulkarni of the Karnatak Publishing House said:—

In my opinion the Order is both drastic and unnecessary. I welcome control but not in this drastic form. Control should really take place at base i.e. where the paper is manufactured. A proper check on its outgoings to genuine consumers on a quota system regulated by Government and that consumers consume it according to well laid-out plan agreed to between accredited representatives of trade and Government.

If the present economy Oder is forced on Publishers 80 p.c. of both. The Publishers and Printers will have to close doors resulting in unemployment on a very wide scale. When these Publishers become extinct book-sellers will follow suit.

PRACTICAL DIFFICULTIES

The number of pupils in both Schools and Colleges is increasing every year by leaps and bounds. Even their present day demands cannot be met by the Publishers Government expects 50 p.c reduction in all school and college books including primary expecting 50 p.c used books will take their place in the market. They have not considered at all the very big rise in the student population between 1943 and 1944. Government have not realised that children in primary schools require at least two to three copies of each book in one year as they get easily torn in their handling.

In case of magazines it is unthinkable to reduce them to 30 per cent of their present bulk unless the same becomes not useful to the reader and consequently to the publisher's economically.

Again it is laid out that 1/12th of the entire quota of the year will be given to each Publisher every month. When a publisher prints and consumes say 6,000 copies a year he can't print 500 copies each month because it will be practically uneconomical and hence impossible. Again there are books which consume in the course of two or three years. In such a case the entire edition has got to be printed in any one year to make it economical. Government therefore has lost sight of all these practical difficulties.

Government are appointing Committees and new syllabuses are introduced in their curriculum, but when Publishers bring out books according to those syllabuses they are not sanctioned thus wasting lot of public money.

CUTTING THEIR VERY ROOTS!

The quota that the publishers will get will more be utilised for reprints as it is a safe business for them. There will be no new books, and hence authors as a class will be practically extinguished. India today is in need of more and more thinkers and writers. If their efforts are not properly encouraged it will be a big loss to the country. Books mean a lot to any Country and the present economy Order is practically an annihilation of all that is good and healthy to society and its culture. When Government boasts of Post War Reconstruction and gigantic Educational schemes, they to-day cut their very roots.

Mr. P. F. Taraporewala of the New Book Company said: "If these new paper control orders are not withdrawn, the result will be that new publishing houses started during the war will be completely wiped out. And old established firms will have no work for 8 months in a year. These orders will also affect educational books which are in ever increasing demand. Booksellers and publishers should be allowed to issue catalogues, price-lists, handbills etc. This facility is not denied even in England. These new orders will make publishing of books a costly affair. It will be no exaggeration to state that the cost of a 50-page book will be equal to the cost of a 200 page book coming from England."

Arab Women Demand Equality

JERUSALEM, June 21: Arab women in the Near East plan to break away from their traditions and demand political equality with men, also equal status in married life and responsible posts for legal graduates such as probation officers. These are a few points on the agenda of the proposed Arab Women's Conference called by Huda Hanim Sharawi President, Egyptian Women's Union, to be held at Cairo, in October. The Palestine question figures on the circulated agenda sent with the invitations reaching the Palestine women unions, as also the unification of all Arab women's organisations in the Near East, aiming at co-ordination of women's activities in social and economic fields.—Reuter.

Cotton Prices Mystery

Punjab Pulls Strings

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, June 23.

There is no truth in reports that the Government of India intend to remove floor prices of cotton. The Government of India it will be recalled, fixed ceiling floor prices of cotton at Rs. 550 and Rs. 400 respectively. Reports were current that the Government intended to remove floor prices. These reports are without foundation. It is pointed out here that Bombay alone is not the interested party in cotton, there are other provinces, such as C. P. and Punjab which are intimately interested in cotton. In the Punjab particularly, cotton prices are so to say corelated with wheat prices and the removal of cotton floor prices would seriously affect the wheat situation. For these and other reasons, Government are not prepared to make any change in the maximum and minimum prices of cotton.

N. R. PILLAI FOR BOMBAY

Mr. N. R. Pillai is leaving for Bombay on the 26th inst. for a week's stay, during which period he will contact with cotton textile interests in connection with cotton piecegoods' export scheme. The proposal is to fix prices of piecegoods of select categories most suitable for export and canalise export by appointing licensed exporters. The proposal also envisages the levy of a small cess to cover the cost of administration of the export control scheme. The cess will be certain percentage 'ad valorum' and the unused portion of the cess will be utilised for improvement of the industry after the war.

Apropos of election dispute between the two Punjab candidates to the Accountancy Board, Government I learn, are setting up an Election Tribunal to determine the disputes

INFORMATION DEPT

Proposals are under examination here to introduce a scheme of exchange of personnel of Information and Broadcasting Department with that of the British Ministry of Information. The main purpose of the scheme is to pool together the result of experience and research visit London to refresh knowledge It is explained that Broadcasting has been revolutionised during the war, and it is necessary for the Engineering Department of A.I.R. to assist either side to know the requirements of the other country. For instance, it will facilitate India to know the film requirements of Iran and "vice versa."

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

It must, however, be said that the way in which Indian "quislings" as the Americans call these Indian propagandists—are being paraded from one end of the States to the other and presented to American audiences as "distinguished journalists or Indians in public life," is having its effect in misinforming the middle classes in the States about the political conditions in this country.

—Mr. Mulherkar on official propaganda in the United States.

* * *

"KEY TO DEADLOCK LIES AT AHMEDNAGAR", says a headline.

And the key to Ahmednagar lies well guarded at New Delhi.

* * *

According to a London cable to a contemporary, the "Times" of London devotes a whole column to the Gandhi-Wavell correspondence.

Really? As much as that?

But which side of the bilateral correspondence? Or, perhaps, it is unnecessary to ask the question.

* * *

The Delhi correspondent of the same paper while confessing—the helplessness of the man deserves sympathy,—that nationalistic journals in India regard it as Gandhiji's vindication, earnestly urges that "moderate politicians" regard the Mahatma as "obstinate, unyielding and embittered."

You may wonder as to the identity, whereabouts, etc. of the "moderate politicians". We can help satisfy your curiosity. If you went to New Delhi you would find them in, on, off and around the local Tottenham Court Road The rest would be your affair.

* * *

We understand that Vice-President Henry Wallace's recent *faux pas*, to wit, public expression of pro-Asia views has embarrassed the British and the Dutch.

Now we certainly deplore Mr. Wallace's blunder. It is, in fact, positively mischievous and he must immediately fly back to Washington in order to apologise to the U. S. Senate for sniping at Britain and Holland.

But we cannot see why his views should embarrass the Dutch and the British. After all, his only poser is that Asia can't exist half slave and half free. And this can be easily disposed of by making Asia full slave under the aegis of British, French and Dutch Imperialism: a New World Order *entente cordiale*.

* * *

"With the relief of Imphal, the last hopes of Japanese designs in Assam have been shattered"—A.P.I. War Correspondent

Good, Magnificent.

But is that all?

* * *

Anglo-Indian words of wisdom: "The story of the National War Front has not been a happy one, mainly because its method of approach has not struck a responsive note in the public mind."

We disagree. We can quote chapters and verse—and Anglo-India won't be able to reject them—to prove that the National War Front has been a grand success. In further and conclusive corroboration of it we can quote the unquestionably authentic information on the subject in the possession of foreign peoples and countries, particularly Britain and America.

But if Anglo-India is still dissatisfied, we suggest that the National War Front be put in charge of Sir Richard Tottenham and Sir Reginald Maxwell be recalled to inspire it. Then the N. W. F. will strike a responsive note in the public mind the like of which th country has never heard. Right, brother?

Eh, what? Lord Linlithgow? No, we haven't forgotten. We don't suggest his name because he is reported already to have launched on quite a different Front.

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CITY MARKETS

Bombay, June 23.

SHARES:—The local market was quiet with a small business. There was some week-end liquidation At the moment the market is impressed by the United States Naval and Allied success and is inclined to believe in

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

T S Ord (416/8) 416 16/8 15/8 15 15/8 15 15/8.
T S Dfd (2,230) 2,227/8 30 25 15 8/12 10 15 11 4 12/8 17/8
Dyeing (1,875) 1,872 70 65 67 61 62/8.
Kohinoor (616) 615 14 12 9 10 9.
Swadesh (537) 534 35 36 33.
Nagpur (410) 409 9 8 6/8 7 6/8 7.
Simplex (254) 252/8 51/8 51.
New Great (382) 380 81
Indore (876/4) 871/4 62/8 65 61/4.
Scindia (36/2) 36 35/10 35/8.
P Const (233/8) 232.
Cement (231) 231 30/4 30 30/4.

favour of early peace. Tata Steel Dfds opened at Rs 2,227 and declined to Rs. 2,211 while Ordinary Shares after opening at Rs 416 quietened at Rs. 415 Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 1,870 and ruled quiet at Rs. 1,863 while Kohinoor Mill Shares were quoted at Rs. 610. So far there is no official announcement of dividends on Tata Steel Shares but reliable quarters expect no change in last year's figures

TEXTILE:—Ahmd Advance 492/8, Apollo 4/0-1/2, Bharat Spg. 66/4, Bom. Dyeing 1,862/8, Cent. India 407, Century 872/8, Colaba 218/8, Dawn 1,575, Edward 660, Elphinstone 98/8, Finlay 301/8, Gokak 815, Hindustan 4,010, Indl. Bleaching 186/8, Ind. United 15/4, Ind. United 3, Indore 861/4, Khatau 372/8, Kohinoor 609, Laksmi 1,320, Madhovji 20, Minerva 296/4, Model Nagpur 275, Madhusudan 485, Meyer 200, Morarji 622/8, Mysore 292/8, New Great 381, Phoonix 640, Podar 392/8, Sassoon Silk 89, Sassoon Spg 24/8, Shrinivas 370, Sholapur 7,465, Simplex 251, Swadeshi 533, Swan 314/8, Tata Mills 54/8, Vishnu 481/4, Western India 3,450.

INSURANCE:—Bom. Life 275, Empire Life 785, Vulcan 16/8, Oriental 6,150, New India 79, Indus. Prudent 42/8, Ind. Mercantile 74, Jupiter 31/8.

HYDRO & ELEC: Ahmd. Electric 228/12, And. Vally 1,885, Ajmere 14/11, Bom. Tram 152/12, Bom. Suburban 225, Broach 13, Karachi 258/12, Poona 305, Surat old 222/8, Surat New Rs. 50/pd. 87/8, Tata Power Ordy 1,882/8, Tata Hydro 205/8.

BANK:—Baroda old 140/8, Dena Bank 8,400, India 177/8, Central 73/4, Imperial F P 2,012/8, Imperial P P 507/8, Reserve Bank 138, Habib 78/12, U. Co. Bank 79/4, Union 9/2.

PREF. SHARES:—7 p c And. Vally 1,685, 6 p c Bom. Steamer 362/8, 7 p c Bom. Tram 78, 7 p c Bradburry 557/8, 5 p c Cent. India 748/12, 7 p c Elphinstone 132/8, 6-1/2 p c Jupiter 18/14, 6-1/2 p c Surat 193/12, 6 p c Tata I. & S 1st 223/12, 7-1/2 p c Tata I. & S. 2nd 166/8, 7-1/2 p c Tata Power 1,787/8, 7 p c Tata Hydro 171/4, 7 p c Visnnu 785/12.

DEBENTURES:—4 p c And. Vally 107/8, 4 p c Tata Power 107/10, 4 p c Tata Chemi. 220, 6 p c Marsland Price 121.

RAILWAY:—Ahmd Prantij 771/8, Cent. Province 102, Dhond Baramati 118, Hashlarpur 106, Mandrabhon 112, Mymensing Rtd. 110, Mymensing Grd. 110, Sarasirajganj 109, Sialkot Narowal 119, Sialkot New 50.

MISCE.:—Alembic 397/8, Alcock 302/8, Asso Cement 230/1 Burma Old 412/8, Burma New 146/1 Bellapur 112, B B Petrol 3/6, Bom. Steamer 137/8, Investa Trust 118, Prem Const 233/8, Port Canning 106/8, Scindia 35/6, Shivrajpur 57, Tata Chemical 26/4, Tata Oil 77/8, Tata Ordy 115/8, Tata Defd 2,217/8, Winco 320, B I C 6/8, Bradburry Ory. 400, Burma Corpo. 4/2-1/2, Dharamsi Chemi. 63, Indian Copper 2/13, Indian Iron 36/14, Jaipur Bank 70/4, H C Bank 57/8, H Victo Ordy 8/8 New City 375, New Union 25/4, Steel Corpo. 28/12.

GOV. SECURITIES:—3-1/2 p c G P Notes 99/4, 3 p c 1963-65 Loan 99/12, 3 p c 1966-68 Loan 98/2, 4 p c 1960-70 Loan 112/6, 4-1/2 p c 1955-60 Loan 116/4, 3-1/2 p c 1947-50 Loan 103/4, 2-3/4 p c 1948-52 Loan 99/12, 3 p c 1946 Def 1st 102/2, 3 p c 1949-52 2nd 100/15, 3 p c 1951-54 3rd 100/10, 3 p c 1953-55 4th 100/5, 3 p c 1957 Vic Loan 100/10

CORPORATION DEBENTURES:—4 p c B P T 1974 113/8, 4 p c M Deb 1974 113/4, 5 p c M Deb 1959 120/8, 6 p c M Deb 1954 130, 6 p c K P T 1956 129/8.

TAX FREE LOANS: 5 p c 1945-55 Loan 104/12, 4 p c 1953-55 Loan 123/6, 5 p c Mysore 1955 135.

BULLION: Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8-8-0 Dollar Sterling Cross rate was 4 02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 at New York London Spot and Forward Silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2 d. and New York Spot Silver was quoted at 44 3/4 cents. The local market was quietly steady with a comparatively small business. Forward Silver fluctuated between Rs 123 and Rs. 124/4 and steadied at Rs. 123/13. Gold was steady with a small business and price movement was narrow. It opened at Rs 72/10 and improved to Rs. 72/14 and steadied at Rs. 72/13

Silver declined to Rs 122/8 and improved to Rs. 124/8 on active general and upcountry buying and steadier at Rs. 124/4 closing quotations. Silver Ready Rs. 147/12 forward Rs. 124/4. Gold ready Rs. 72/10 forward Rs. 72/8, Sovereigns Rs 50.

COTTON:—The local Cotton market was featureless and trading was restricted. The recent improvement was mostly due to short covering and even at a difference of July is not supported which shows lack of bonafide support. Thus we fail to understand how prices can improve. On the other hand if the present state continues, when delivery draws near September may also decline like July To-day July was quoted at Rs. 403 1/2 and September was placed at Rs. 423 with a very small business.

Under increased selling pressure September declared to Rs. 420/8 but professional support appeared and prices rallied to Rs. 124/8. The market closed at 6 p.m. as under:—

I C C July	405	8	0
I C C September	424	8	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

	Hi.	Lo.	Close.
July	407	404	404
September	424/4	420/8	423

COTTON ARRIVALS:—Central India 418, Dholeras 195, Sind-Punjab 3,154, Broach 550, Coompta 194, Egyptian 1,393, Total 5,908 Bales.

COTTON PARITY:—Indian Cotton July delivery is below New York July 623 cent points at Exchange rate 331.

COTTON ROOM RATES.

Jarilla Extra Spr-fine 425, Sup 415, Fine 405, F Good 395.
Broach Extra Spr-fine 420, Sup 415, Fine 410, F Good 405.
Surti Extra Spr-fine 535, Sup 530, Fine 525, F Good 520.
4 F Pun/American Extra Spr-fine 445, Sup 440, Fine 435, F Good 430.
L S S Pun/American Extra Spr-fine 485, Sup 480, Fine 475, F Good 470.
289 F Pun/American Extra Spr-fine 535 Sup 530, Fine 525, F Good 520.
Saw-Gd 4 F Extra-Spr-fine 475, Sup 470, Fine 465, F Good 460.
Saw-Gd L S S Extra Spr-fine 525, Sup 520, Fine 515, F Good 410.
Saw-Gd 289 F Extra Spr-fine 585, Sup 580 Fine 575, F Good 570.
M G N T Extra Spr-fine 485, Sup 480, Fine 475, F Good 470.
Saw-Gd N T Std-Ame Extra Spr-fine 525, Sup 520, Fine 515, F Good 510.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

	New.
Khandesh Jarilla	275/360
Berar Jarilla	350/380
289 F Jarilla	480/525
N T Jarilla	450/475
289 F Saw-ginned	570/610

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 22.

Cotton advanced on price-fixing and trade and other buying on the overnight Congressional approval of the amended Price-control bill, raising cotton parity loan and trying up some textiles with raw cotton parity price. but eased on increased realising continued favourable crop weather news. The United States naval and other Allied successes, prices steadied on trade support and closed very steady July 21.80+12, October 21.20+19, December 21.00+24, January 20.96+24, March 20.86+31, May 20.66+34, July Highest 21.83+15 (2-14 p.m.), Lowest 21.67—01 (10-50 a.m.), Middling Spot 22.77+14.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

July 22.03+13, October 21.23+24, December 21.02+26, January 20.95+28, March 20.84+28, May 20.66+31, Middling Spot 21.60+05.

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.

July 21.63, October 21.02, December 20.79.

LONDON SILVER.

London, June 23.

Spot 23-1/2, Forward 23-1/2.

LONDON GOLD.

London Gold Fine per oz. £8-8-0.

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The Half-Column "By Dim"

Unsolicited I received two letters regarding my remarks about ANSWERING YOU which I take the liberty of reproducing here. One is from Mr. Ammonamed Mecklai, who says: "My attention has been drawn to-day to your Half Column in the "Chronicle", and I thought I might write and let you know that I entirely agree with your views, having heard the discussion from beginning to end. I do trust your friends will appreciate your remarks in the same spirit in which they are offered."

* * *

The other is from the e r of a well-known Sunday paper—also unsolicited. It says: ".... I must confess that what you say echoes my sentiments, too, and I think it is time that this feature is stopped...."

After which all I can say is: ALL-INDIA RADIO please note.

* * *

Leopold Kuperfermann told me the best story of Post-War Germany, of which many stories are now being told. The year is 1960 and the place is the lounge of the Hotel Adlon in Berlin An Englishman is curiously looking at the walls from which hang four portraits. The Hall Porter noticing the tourist's curiosity comes nearer to him. The Englishman seeing the German's desire to be informative asks: "Who is that?"

"Dat is one-time Fuhrer of the vaterland, Herr Hitler. E iss now running very good beer garten wiz moosic"

"Oh yes! And who's that?"

"Dat is Hermann Goering. E iss now running repair shop and making spare parts for aeroplanes."

"That's very interesting. And who is that?"

"Dat is Josef Goebbels E is now announcing on B B C."

"Yes, of course, on the Continental Service And who is this?"

"Daunch you know? Dat is our Sir Rudolf Hess."

Wheat Situation In C. P. And Berar Improves

PACHMARI, June 23.

The wheat situation in C.P. and Berar which caused some anxiety last month has been considerably improved, it is learnt here The Government has procured sufficient quantity of wheat both within and without the Province.—A.P.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Following is the Statement of Liabilities and Assets of The Central Bank of India, Limited, for the fortnight dated 15th June 1944:—

LIABILITIES:—Capital Subscribed Rs. 3,36,00,000, Capital Paid-up Rs. 1,68,00,000, Reserve and Contingency Fund Rs. 1,20,00,000, Deposits, Debts due to Banks and Agents Bills Payable, etc. Rs. 93,73,50,000, Sundries including Branch—Adjustments Rs. 17,85,73,000, Rs. 1,14,47,23,000.

ASSETS:—Cash Credits and Overdrafts on Government and other Authorised Securities Rs. 24,50,03,000, Loans on Government and Other Authorised Securities Rs. 5,21,39,000, Bills Discounted Rs 3,43,62,000 Lands and Buildings Rs. 1,02,40,000, Sundries including Branch Adjustments Rs 12,51,64,000 Cash in hand, at Banks, Moneys at Call in Investments in War Bonds, Government Paper Treasury Bills, Shares, Debentures, etc, Rs. 67,78,15,000, Rs. 1,14,47,23,000.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

LONDON, June 22.

	£
Total Bullion	1,030,000
Public Deposits	9,100,000
(A) Other Deposits	255,100,000
Government Securities	222,100,000
(B) Other Securities	14,800,000
Notess, Gold and Silver Coin	22,300,000
Notes in Circulation	1,128,700,000
Ration of Reserve to Liabilities	9,13 p.c.
(A) Other Deposits Include Bankers	179,900,000
(B) Other Securities include Discounts and Advance	2,800,000
Total Deposits	244,200,000
Total Securities	236,900,000

CALICUT QUOTATIONS.

CALICUT, June 23.

Cocoanuts Raw 60, Dry 90, Cocoanut Oil 297, Copra Office 176, Dilpasand 190, Madrasottam 216, Goodgooda 240, Pepper Wynaad 330, Country 320, Dry Ginger Chernad 240, Ernad 220, Coffee Robusta 114.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, June 23.

Tata Ordinary 415/8 Tata Deferred 2217/8 Indian Iron 36/14 Steel Corpn of Bengal 28/12 Bombay Dyeing 1862/8 Central India 406/14 Century 870 Gokak 315 Kohinoor 60/812 Simplex 251 Andhra Valley 1882/8 Tata Hydro 205 Tata Power 1882/8 Associated Cement 230/4 Belapur 241/14 Bombay Burma (Old) 412/8

HAPUR QUOTATIONS

Hapur, June 23.

Wheat 10 Arrivals 600 mds Gram 8/6 Peas 7/10 Barley 6/10 Arhar 7/11 Rapeseed 12/9 Urad Asar 11/7 Maha 11/9/3 Moong Bahdon 10 Maha 10/15 Guwar Bhadon 7/2 Bardana Asuj 54/4 Silver 126/10.

BHUJ, June 23:—To-day's Cutch Hundi rate of Koris is 300/4.

RAJKOT, June 23:—Silver Rs. 118/8, Gold Rs. 72/8, Groundnut Oil Rs. 16/4/6.

JAMNAGAR, June 23:—Silver Rs. 120/8, Gold Rs. 72/6, Groundnut Oil Rs. 18/4.

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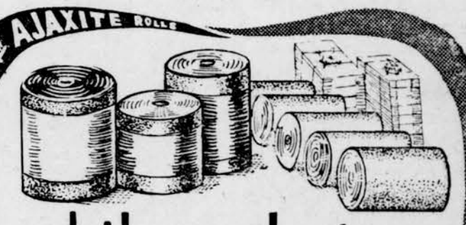

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THE BOMBAY CO., LTD., BOMBAY.

A. S.—K. 9

BIRTHRIGHT of Every Child!

Best Tonic to Strengthen your Child's HEALTH & VIGOUR

BIO TONA

ROY & CO
PRINCESS ST, BOMBAY 2.

Children love BIO-TONA. It gives them added strength and vigour, builds them up quickly, strengthens the bones, and promotes healthy dentition.

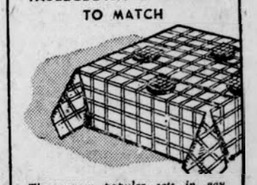
for Distinguished Conduct AND LONG SERVICE YOU CAN DEPEND ON US

DCM Handkerchiefs deserve medals for the way they stand up to hard wear. Time and again they return from the dhobi looking just like new, their gay colours and fine texture as fresh as ever. You will like the smart designs, and you will be pleased with the reasonable prices.

DCM DELHI · CLOTH · MILLS

Handkerchiefs
Large size for men, smaller size for ladies.

TABLECLOTHS & NAPKINS TO MATCH



These very popular sets in gay and tasteful colours give sophisticated charm to your table. Available in standard sizes.

THE DELHI CLOTH & GENERAL MILLS CO., LTD. DELHI.
DCM Stores in most important Towns in Northern India. Elsewhere obtainable from the best Shops.

Copyright: Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co. Ltd. JWT(E)Ltd.

MUTT & JEFF—And Owing to the Shortage of Rubber, Jeff Will Use Lisle Hose By BUD FISHER

MUTT! I'VE GOT IT! I WORKED ON THIS STUFF A LONG TIME! I'VE GOT IT!
WHAT?
FIRE EXTINGUISHER! WE CAN SELL IT AT FIVE BUCKS A GALLON! IT PUTS OUT A BLAZE IN A JIFFY!
HOW?
JUST THROW IT ON AND OUT GOES THE FLAME!
SNIFF
WHAT IS THIS STUFF?
WATER!
?
SPLASH!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-
To be paid in advance.

LOST AND FOUND

Lost:—On 11-6-1944 at the Poona Station at the time of departure of afternoon Express a medium size leather handbag. Will anybody knowing about it write to K. B. Marathe. Plot No. 67 Shivaji Park Road No 1, Dadar. (5304)

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted Beautiful Young Bride for a Hindu Businessman of 23 years well settled in life. No caste restriction. Apply Box No. 5290, "Bombay Chronicle".

Introductions for friendship Matrimony trade. 431 hobbies arranged by Globe Introduction League. Chhili-lent, Agra. Estd. 1935. Members. 14000. Founder Mrs. Shaabdane. (5145)

Match for two aryan girls 15; 17 years, very good features. H. S. Inter. Father England-returned. Character financially settled life essential. No caste restrictions. Apply Box No. 5011, "Bombay Chronicle". (Correspondence from the members of His Majesty's Forces will not be entertained.) (5011)

SOCIAL

Friendless? Lonely? We introduce ladies, gentlemen, pen personal friends. (Ladies enrolled free). Particulars from: Aesthetic Society. Post Box 5531, Bombay. (5129)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted permanent Junior Stenotypist, either sex for a limited concern. Apply stating experience and salary required to Box No. 5288, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A Labour Officer for an up-country Mill. Apply with testimonials stating age, caste and minimum salary expected to Box No. 9267, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a smart young man well experienced in salesmanship. Apply Box No. 5200, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Commercial Artist. Apply with specimen 1st July between 3 and 5-45 p.m. "Dazzal", Yusuf Bldg., Chuchgate St., Fort Bombay. (5302)

Wanted Gujrathi knowing Typist Clerk. Salary Rs. 50 and War allowance Rs. 20. Apply in Gujrathi in own handwriting with qualification to Hon. Secretary, Paper Traders' Association, 73, Kandewadi, Bombay No. 4. (5262)

Wanted an efficient Advertisement Manager for a Gujrati Weekly. Salary up to Rs. 100 according to ability. Apply 'Yugantar, Cama Bldgs., Dalal St., Fort, Bombay. (5303)

Wanted a fully qualified Accountant for the Head Office to take charge of the Accounts Departments. Persons with previous experience of Life Insurance Companies preferred. Apply with copies of testimonials giving academic and other qualifications and previous experience. State minimum salary required. General Manager, the Lakshmi Insurance Co., Ltd., Post Box No. 30, Lahore. (5314)

Wanted: (1.) A part-time Lecturer in English with English Principal and French Subsidiary; (2.) Two Lecturers in History and Economics (able to teach Geography); (3.) A part-time Lecturer in Gujarati; (4.) A part-time Lecturer in Marathi; (5.) A part-time Lecturer in German; (6.) Two Lecturers in Matnematics; (7.) A Lecturer in Persian and Urdu. Minimum qualification is a 1st Class B.A., or 2nd Class M.A., (8.) One Library Assistant knowing typing. Pay according to qualifications. Apply immediately. Principal, Khalsa College, Bombay. (5293)

Wanted qualified and experienced Power House Shift Engineers for a large Industrial Concern having factories all over India. Applicants should hold a First Class Boiler Certificate required under the Indian Boilers Act. Starting salary Rs. 125 per month or above according to qualifications. Only those who are available for employment immediately should apply with full particulars to Box No. 9329, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted experienced Graduate Tutor or Tutoress coach at Khar Girl studying sixth Strong English, Sanskrit Mathematics. Apply Box No. 5299, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted qualified nurses for the Sevashram—Broach. Apply stating age, qualifications, previous experience and salary expected. Applications to be forwarded to Trustees within a week. (9309)

Wanted an M.B.B.S. Doctor, at least of Five Years' standing, for Pulgaon in C. P. Apply with testimonials and salary acceptable to Pulgaon Cotton Mills, Ltd., 226, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. (5230)

Wanted immediately either sex Drawing and Drill Teachers and Graduate or Under-graduate Teachers able to teach English and Gujarati and History. Apply to Principal, Matunga Premier School, Matunga. (5259)

Wanted a Gujarati knowing Graduate Teacher to teach English and History Trained and experienced preferred Apply sharp, Principal, Premier Middle School Dadar, Ranade Road. (5282)

Wanted for a Leading Life Insurance Company which intends starting Fire and General business a thoroughly experienced man as Manager for these departments. Please apply with copies of testimonials giving full particulars about previous experience, position held at present and salary drawn and salary expected. None but persons of highest qualifications with thorough experience of practical working of General Insurance Companies need apply. Box No. 5182, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS WANTED

A young boy having experience of 5 years in Business, seeks employment in Bombay on a salary, not less than Rs. 300/- p.m. with free accommodation. Please apply to Box No. 5277, "Bombay Chronicle."

Eminent Parsi Educationist spares time to coach up matric students successfully. Best testimonials. Apply Box No. 5265, "Bombay Chronicle."

Able Accountant having 3 years auditing experience, knowing typewriting, seeks part-time job before/after office hours. Apply Box No. 5297, "Bombay Chronicle."

TO BE LET

To Let|Sale. Bungalows, Buildings. Vacant possession., Offices, godowns, plots, Bharat House Agency, Tamarind Lane. 5311

OFFICE WANTED

Wanted for a well established Scheduled Bank which proposes to open an Office at Bombay one or two decent rooms for Office premises on Ground Floor or 1st Floor in any building in Fort Area, preferably with Phone connections. Apply Box No. 5295, "Bombay Chronicle".

OFFICE TO LET

To Let in Fort area, Modern Office with telephone and full equipment. Apply Box No. 5301, "Bombay Chronicle."

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For Sale, Renault Car 1938 model, Big office table and other furniture, write to Box No. 5279, "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Hab's Matric class makes matriculation Examination a joy-ride Excellent results every year. Best testimonials. Pre-matric failed students also admitted. Apply Box No. 5266, "Bombay Chronicle".

Matriculates Non-Matriculates Join Berar Dental College, Malkapur, (Buldana) Berar. Begins 4th July. For Prospectus Apply Principal. (5275)

The Civil Engineering School, Lucknow Government recognised. Applications are invited for the overseer class, session July, 1944 Candidates must have passed H S or Matric with mathematics 1st & 2nd divisions with Science preferred. Common examination with Roorkee. U. P Govt. awards certificates. For prospectus apply to the Principal. 8698

Alexandra Commercial College— Enrolments proceeding for Specialised Diploma examinations of Incorporated Secretaries, Accountants, Bank Officers, General Commerce, Stenography. Expert individual training. Terms moderate. Prospect Chambers, Hornby Road. (5298)

MEDICAL ADLETS

For Chronic diseases, consult 'Ramkrishna Clinic', Vijayanagar, opposite Dadar, B. B. Station. (5117)

MACHINERY WANTED

Flour mill machinery complete or parts any capacity. Vegetable Ghee manufacturing plant new or second-hand capacity 5 to 10 tons daily. Write lowest prices with complete particulars to M/s. Sitaram Harparshad, Gujranwala (Pb.) (5252)

Wanted Openscaper with Ebonited rubber rollers, write with details, Indian Art Tex Mills Co., Charavi, Bombay, Phone 89065 5306

PROPERTY FOR SALE

For Sale. An extensive property on Chandavarkar Road at Borivali, containing a spacious stoned bungalow with electric lights and two wells with electric pumps. Area nearly 38,000 Sq. Yds. with about 400 Alfonso mango trees. Apply Box No. 3313, "Bombay Chronicle"

Government Leasehold large plot of land on public road near Sion Station available For Sale. Ideally situated for industrial works also for development into building sites. Apply Box No. 9332, "Bombay Chronicle".

BUSINESS FOR SALE

One complete Printing Press with types in English and Hindi for sale, in Bombay. Interested parties may write to Box No. 5239, "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted Electric Photometer for use with Leica Camera state type, price Box No. 5291, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted To Buy Cotton Piece Goods, Hosiery and ready made goods Ladies and Gents. footwear, confectioneries sundry goods and curios. Manufacturers and merchants having Export Quota for Ceylon only may apply to:—Ceylon Favourite Store, Keyzer Street Colombo (5214)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

For your Railway Claims consult Ram Agency, Kartiki Buildings, Kalsavad Street, Mandvi 5305

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale—Second hand Oliver Typewriter in good condition. Apply Kharas & Co., Solicitors, Bruce Street, Fort. 5296

Bamboo mattings and Palmyrah mattings available in large quantities. Useful for Mills Steamers, Packing and various other purposes. Apply Dolikuka, Ismail Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. (9245)

For Sale—New Disintegrator No. 1, 1-1/2 2, 2-1/2, 3-1/2. Dutson Technical Monghyr, E.I.R. (5255)

Silks of different shades and designs are now available For Sale, S. K. Kaul, General Manager, The Rajputana Silk and Woollen Mills, Jaipur (Raj). (9186)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BENGAL AND ASSAM RAILWAY

WANTED—AIR COMPRESSORS, for B. and A. Railway Construction Works. Steam or Diesel engine driven. Offers, with full details of make, type, capacity in cubic feet of free air per minute, condition and where the machine can be inspected, to be forwarded in covers superscribed CECS/3/X/AC to Dy. Controller of Stores, Construction (Eng.), B. and A. Railway, 3, Kollaghat Street, Calcutta. (9285)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, BOMBAY

INVITES TENDER No. CS/6F-1 (disposals) on form obtainable for Rs. 5/- per set (not refundable or transferable) paid in cash or by money order (quoting tender No. and full name and address of the remitter) before 4 p.m. on 30th June, 1944 for the following stores:—

Item No	Stores.	Quantity.
1.	Paint (Hubbucks).	205 Kegs.
2.	Comp. Parts of Loco MCY.	1 Case.
3	Compressors	1 "
4.	Belling Lee - 3 Pin SKTS.	1 "
5.	Snap Fasteners	2 Cases.
6.	M. V. Parts.	1 Case
7.	Auto Parts.	1 "
8.	Motor Truck Parts	10 Pkgs
9.	Agricultural Machinery & Parts	11 "
10.	Air Conditioning Machinery	1 Crate.
11.	Radio Set	1 No.
12.	Stretcher Frames	1 Case.
13	Empty Acetyline Gas Cylinders	2 Nongs.
14.	Automatic Step Resistance Starters for Fans; Air Conditioning Equipment	4 Cases.
15.	Asbestor Packing	1 Case.
16.	Belt Fasteners	1 Case
17.	Wheel	1 No.
18.	Machinery Parts	2 Cases.
19.	Belmont Fibre Sheet	1 Case.
20.	Diesel Equipment	7 Cases.
21.	Ozalid White Paint & Machinery Parts	4 Cases
22.	Conveying Machinery Parts	1 Case
	Ozalid White Paint, etc.	1 Case.
	Wagon Scales	2 Cases.
	Super Dread Naught Clamp	1 Case
	Steel Table Stands	2 Cases.
	Sewing Machine Heads	3 Cases.
	Water Well Drill Parts	7 Pcs.
27.	Wagons Scales	4 Cases.
28.	Conveying Machinery Parts	1 Case.
29	Air Plane Tyres	1 Box
	do	1 Bale.
30.	Electric Wiring Devices	1 Case.
31.	Laboratory Equipment	1 Case.
22.	Valves	7 Cases.
33.	Engineering Parts	1 Case.
34.	do	1 Case.
35	Valve Parts	8 Pcs.
36.	Lubricating Oil	1 Case & 2 Drums.
37.	do	5 Drums.
38.	Printing Ink	1 Case.
	Gas Generating Lamp Parts	1 Case.
	Laboratory Apparatus	4 Cases
39.	Railway Signal Parts	23 Boxes.
40.	Pedestal	1 Loose.
41	Electric Motors	1 Case.
42.	Lantern Parts	3 Cases.
43.	Heating Furnaces	4 Cases.
44	Elevator Buckets	1 Case.
45.	Dust Flue Removal Plant	31 Pcs.
46.	Hammer Handles	5 Bdles.
47	Pipes Dust Flue Removal Plants	2 Pcs.
48.	Iron Chains (Various)	18 Nos.
49.	Head Sets for Telephone Switch Boards (Spare)	1 Case
50.	Holman's Plant. (Spare Parts)	1 Case.
51.	Staple Fasteners	
52.	Brass Nuts etc.	11 Pkgs.
53.	Metal Slide Fastner	5 Ctns.
54.	Railway Car Wheels	200 Pcs.
55.	Fire Clay 2 Bags	(Small)
56.	Rubber Compounding Agent	1 Drum.
57.	Pyjamas	2 Cases.
58.	Sewing Machine heads steel table stands	1 Case.
59.	Fire Arms & Ammunition	1 Case.
60.	Copper Wire Bare	3 Coils.
61.	Rubber Insulated Lead covered Copper Cable	32 Reels.
62.	Iron Valves	1 Cask.
63.	Rubber Comp. Agent	2 Drums.
64.	do	1 Pail.
	Zinc Oxide	1 Drum.
65.	Evaporative Coils	1 Case.
66.	Evaporative Condrs.	9 C/s.
67	Evaporative Coil	1 Case.
68.	Air Conditioning Equipment	
69.	Machinery Parts	1 Bdle.
70.	Hard Drawn Bare Copper Wire	3 Coils.
71.	Dry Batteries	2 Cases.
	Flash Lamp Bulbs	5 C/s.
72.	Tools Car Parts etc.	2 C/s.
73	Government Stores	4 C/s.
74.	Motor Spares	3 Pkgs.
75.	Radio Set	1 Case.
76.	Radio Valves	1 Ctn.
77.	Auto Parts	24 Pkgs.
78.	Wood Screws	10 C/s.
79.	Valves, Caps and Hrc. Nuts	3 Cases.
80.	Auto Lamp Bulbs	1 Case.
81.	Cycle Parts	3 Cases.
82.	Paper Bands	1 Case.
83.	Machinery	1 Crate
	Copper Sheets	5 Cases.
84.	Iron Axes	3 Cases.
85.	Machinery	1 Case.
86.	Machine Hoist	1 Case.
87.	Machinery Parts	1 Case.
88.	Brake Fluid	1 Drum.
89.		(9303)
90.		
91.		
92.		
93.		

THE M.H. SABOO SIDDIK INSTITUTION,

Shepherd Road, Bombay 8.

Wanted (1) an L.E.E. with Supervisor's Certificate and some experience of Radio Servicing, (2) an Electrical Wireman, (3) a Radio Mechanic, (4) an L.M.E. for the Mechanical Deptt., (5) a Machinist with long experience of various machine-tools. (6) a Head Fitter, (7) a Head Moulder, and (8) an Assistant Welder. Apply to the Secretary with certificates stating salary expected. (9322)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

STOCKS OF COAL AND COKE

IT HAS BEEN SEEN that in addition to those in receipt of priority supply under the Provincial Distribution Scheme there are a number of dealers and merchants trading in Coal and Coke. All dealers and consumers of Coal and Coke in receipt of priority supply and all other dealers and merchants trading in Coal and Coke as well as other industrial consumers using Coal and Coke are hereby informed that they should declare the correct stocks of Coal and Coke held by them on 1ST OF EACH MONTH to this office and should see that their stock statements are received by the undersigned on or before the 5TH OF THE MONTH.

The declaration should be submitted in the following Form

Business name and address:—

Kind of Coal|Coke* (Steam Coal, Hard Coke, Soft Coke, etc.)	Grade of Coal|Coke*	Quantity		Address of the godown or plot where stock is kept
		On own account	On account of other parties, if any with details.	

*Stocks of different kinds should be shown separately.

Non-submission of the correct stocks will be severely dealt with.

S. D. VASHIST,
Provincial Coal Controller.
9324

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, BOMBAY

invites tenders No. P|BSY|GAPS|5510 on forms obtainable for Rupees. Two per set (Not refundable or transferable) paid in cash or by Money Order (Quoting the Tender No. and full Name and address of the remitter on the coupon) before 4 P.M. on 10th July 1944 for

Item No.	Description of Goods	Specification No.	No or quantity
8.	Forks Carving E.P.H.	(E2|608)	50 Nos
9.	Forks Toasting, Iron Handle Small.	—	5 "
14.	Knives Table Stainless medium	(Vic|363)	2,000 "
17.	Scissors Fish or Laboratory	—	14 "
19.	Spoons Gravy Iron Tinned	—	200 "
24.	Trays Tea, 20" Japanned.	(2682)	50 "
25.	Tins Baking Meat, 20.3|4" x 13.1|2"	—	50 "
27.	Tins Baking Meat 17.1|2" x 11.1|2" x 2.1|4"	—	100 "
28.	Dished Baking Meats Tins 16" x 9" x 2"	(E2|625)	215 "
31.	Knives Table Stainless small E.P.H.	(Vic|362)	2,000 "
33.	Machine Mincing Iron small with cramp complete	(E2|631)	50 "
34.	Mincing Machine Large		25 "

Applicants not on the Approved list of the Supply Department must give banker's reference on application for tender forms. (9335)

ARE YOU REFUSED ADMISSION IN A COLLEGE?

Don't Despair

Join the R. I. N.

If you have studied up to Inter Science or Inter Arts with Physics and Mathematics you are eligible for enrolment in the R.I.N.

While under training at R.I.N training centre at Pilani, in Jaipur State, you will get Rs. 70 a month all found. After passing the test you will be drafted to the R.I.N. on Rs. 100 to Rs. 180 a month all found, with the prospect of being a Petty Officer and ultimately rising to Warrant Officer's rank on Rs. 300 to Rs. 400 a month.

Indian Universities have granted concession, to those who join the Defence Services to appear for Examinations without keeping terms in Colleges.

Healthy and Active Life, an additional attraction.

Apply sharp or see in person the Chairman, National Service Labour Tribunal, Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay, or the Deputy Educational Inspectors of your districts or the nearest Technical Recruiting Officer. (9270)

MASTER TAILOR WANTED

MASTER TAILOR wanted for a Department of the Information & Broadcasting on Rs. 175/- plus 18/- D.A. p.m. The Tailor will supply his own Machine and one Assistant. He should be able to make all types of Uniforms both Male and Female, also execute general tailoring Write giving experience to:—Box No. 9271, "Bombay Chronicle."

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION invite applications by 20-8-1944 for post of LECTURER IN RASA SHASTRA AND NIGHANTOO, RAMBILAS ANANDILAL PODAR COLLEGE, BOMBAY. PAY—Rs. 150-10-300. Higher starting pay admissible. QUALIFICATIONS.—Matriculation AND highest examination (Ayurvedacharya) of Benares University or of All-India Ayurved Vidyapeeth, Lahore, or Parangat of Tilak Mahavidyapeeth, Poona, or H.P.I.M. (Ayurved) of Government Board of Examiners in Indian Medicine, Madras, or M.A.M.S. of J.B. Astang Ayurved College or Vishwanath Ayurved Mahavidyalaya of Calcutta. Experience in Ayurvedic Pharmacy and of teaching the subject preferred. AGE.—Not above 30 on 1-10-1944. Application form will be supplied on receipt of LARGE addressed envelope with 3½ annas stamps and UNCROSSED postal order for Re. 1 payable to "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission," Bombay, who will supply full details on request. (9323)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN on behalf of our clients Messrs. GAJANAN VISHWANATH SALVEKAR, PURSHOTTAM BALWANT GOLE and TRIMBAK YESHWANT NENE, the present Trustees of the Lokamanya Tilak Jubilee National Trust that a document of Conveyance dated the 1st day of July, 1936, executed by the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay in favour of our said clients in respect of the property situate at Gokhale Road, Dadar, bearing Municipal Plot No. 22 and Cadastral Survey No 1|1646 of Mahim Division has been MISLAID or LOST. Any person therefore having the same or finding the same or having any claim in respect thereof is requested to hand over the said document together with such claim, if any, to the undersigned at 14 Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay immediately.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1944.

DIVEKAR & CO.,
Solicitors, High Court.
9328

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a post of a clerk in Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, in the scale of Rs. 50-5/2-90-5-140 plus Dearness allowance sanctioned by Government from time to time. The post is in the first instance temporary but is likely to be permanent.

Only those should apply who
(1) have passed the Matriculation examination of the Bombay University,
(2) are below 25 years of age,
(3) possess a domicile in the Province of Bombay
(4) must be able to type neatly and well with speed.

Graduates will be preferred and will start on Rs. 60 in the above scale.

Applications together with copies of certificates and testimonials should reach the Director, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, before 30th of June, 1944. (9333)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

RECRUITMENT TO CLERICAL AND OTHER SUBORDINATE SERVICES

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from persons who desire to have their names included in the list of candidates selected for recruitment to Clerical and other subordinate services in the Bombay Municipality.

Applications should be made on a prescribed form which may be obtained from the Municipal Commissioner's Office on payment of annas eight between 11 A.M. and 3 P.M. (B.T.) on week days and 10 A.M. and 12 Noon (B.T.) on Saturdays.

Application form will be sent by post if a stamped envelope bearing 2½ anna stamps is sent to cover postage and annas eight in one anna stamps for the form.

The last date for receiving applications is Friday the 14th July, 1944.

Rules embodying the conditions of recruitment regarding age limit, etc., may be seen in the Office of the Municipal Commissioner during office hours.

M. D. BHAT,
Municipal Commissioner.

Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay.
Dated 15-6-1944. 9238

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of Inspectors under the Food Controller, Bombay. Graduates of Commerce (E. Com.) with previous experience of clearing work at the docks and railways would be preferred. The scales of pay are:—

(i) Rs. 200-15-300.
(ii) Rs. 250.
(iii) Rs. 180-10-220.
(iv) Rs. 100.

They will be entitled to dearness allowance if admissible under the rules.

In the case of the experienced persons the conditions regarding Educational Qualifications and the age limit, which is, ordinarily 25 years, may be relaxed. Applicants should state their age, domicile, and previous experience, if any, attaching copies only, of the certificates in support of their qualifications etc. The last date for submission of the application to reach the undersigned is 29-6-1944.

K. S. MEHTA,
for Food Controller, Bombay.
R. I. S. Building.
Fort, Bombay.
22nd June, 1944. 9336

NOTICE

THE APOLLO MILLS, LIMITED

APPLICATION has been received by the Directors of this Company to issue duplicates of the share certificates for 500 shares of the Company, Nos. 1036001 to 1036500, standing in the name of Mr. Meghji Gopalji of Bombay upon the statement that the original certificates have been lost. And Notice is hereby given that if within 30 days from the date hereof, no claim or representation in respect of such original certificates is made to the said Directors at the registered office of the Company, situated at DeLisle Road, Chinchpokli, Bombay, 11, they will then proceed to deal with such application for issue of duplicate share certificates.

J. S. DAWDA,
Secretary.

Bombay, Dated 24-6-44. 9317

NOTICE

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Gaud Saraswat Brahmin Community of Bombay will be held in the Saraswat Brahman Samaj Hall, Nikadvari Lane, Girgaon, Bombay, on Sunday the 2nd July, 1944, at 4 P.M. (S. T.) for passing the audited statement of account for the year 1943 and the report relating to the management of the Temples, Charitable Institutions and Funds of the said Community of Bombay and electing a new Board of Trustees and auditors for the current year and for considering the proposition of Mr. V. M. Rangnekar regarding the use of surplus balance at the end of every year.

Members of the community are requested to attend.

(Sd.) B. S. SABNIS,
Honorary Secretary & Treasurer.
Shri Balaji Ramji Mandir,
Bhuleshwar Street,
Bombay. 19-6-44. (9279)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO., LTD., (Estd. 1906) invites applications from Graduates (age not more than 25) who are keen on adopting Insurance as a career. Selected candidates will be first given training in the office and later on appointed as salaried Inspectors in Bombay or outside. Salary Rs. 70/- P.M. (including War Allowance) during training period. Applications will be considered only from those who have excellent connections and are willing to work very hard. No one who does not have the necessary aptitude for out-door work, need apply. No communal or other restrictions.

No interviews except by previous appointment.

Write stating full details as to age, nationality, educational qualifications, etc., to:

Branch Secretary,
Post Box No. 391,
Bombay. (9331)

NOTICE

QUOTATIONS are invited from printing firms in Bombay who could undertake printing of roughly 150 copies each of 500 originals of instructional drawings and wall charts per year, for the Central Reproduction Instructional Drawing Office, R.I.N. 3rd floor, Mustafa Bldg., Sir Ph. Mehta Road, Bombay. For further particulars apply to the Officer-in-Charge of the above office. (9330)

NOTICE

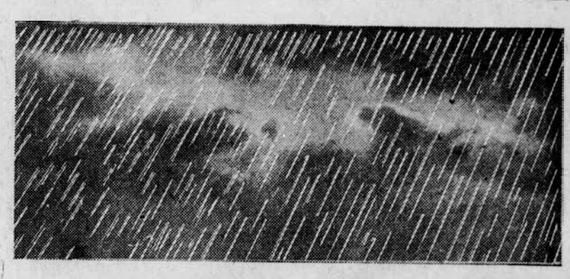
APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for temporary posts of Inspectors of Coal and Coke under the Provincial Coal Control Scheme in the scale of Rs. 100-5|2-150 plus Rs. 30/- p. m. Travelling Allowance plus Compensatory Allowance and Dearness Allowance according to the Government Rules.

Candidates possessing engineering qualifications, viz., B.E., L.M.E., D.M.E., etc., and having some previous experience should apply to the Provincial Coal Controller, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, stating age, domicile, qualifications, experience, etc., so as to reach him before 30th June, 1944.

S. D. VASHIST,
Provincial Coal Controller. (9325)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the temporary post of Storekeeper in the Rural Broadcasting Section in the Scale of Rs. 45-45-3-90 plus a special pay of Rs. 15/- plus compensatory allowance of Rs. 5/- and dearness allowance (at present Rs. 18/-). Candidates should be at least Matriculates with sufficient experience. Graduates will be preferred. Applicants should state their age, qualifications, and experience. The applications should be in the candidate's own hand-writing and should be addressed to the Station Director, All-India Radio, Government of India Offices, Queen's Road, Bombay, so as to reach him not later than the 7th July, 1944. (9287)



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